BTB Real Estate Investment Trust

TSX: BTB.UN

People and their stories are at the heart of our success.

BTB at a Glass As of March 31st, 202			
\$1.3B	6.1M	75	92.5%
Total asset value	Square feet	Properties	Occupancy rate
\$5.58 IFRS	57.7%	72.7%	11.1
Net asset value per unit	Total debt ratio ⁽¹⁾	AFFO adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	FFO adjusted per unit ⁽
8.8%	9.0¢	7.5¢	\$300M
Distribution yield	Net earnings per unit	Distributions per unit	Market capitalization (unit price at \$3.40

Top 10 Clients

As of March 31st, 2025

Québec 🔡

Canadä

Walmart > !<

NORS

راًا، Bristol Myers Squibb











Acquisition Strategy

- Primary markets
- Established and reputable tenants
- Long-term leases and high occupancy rates
- Social and environmental responsibility

BTB's Portfolio by Geographic Sector

As of March 31st, 2025 Percentages presented based on total leasable area.

Recent Acquisitions (2021-2023)

Percentages presented based on total leasable area.



76% industrial

(9 Edmonton, 4 Saskatoon, 1 Ottawa, 3 Montréal)



24% suburban office

(1 Edmonton, 2 Ottawa, 2 Montréal)

10% ©

Western Canada

14 properties 0.6M sq. ft. Industrial Suburban office

% ()

11 properties 0.8M sq. ft. Industrial Suburban office Québec (Montréal, Quebec City & Trois-Rivières) 50 properties 4.7M sq. ft. Industrial

Necessity-based retail

Suburban office

Evolution of BTB's Portfolio Composition

Percentages presented based on fair value of properties.

Q1 2021

Q1 2025



18% > 37% industrial



55% > 41% suburban office



27% > 22% necessity-based retail

Contact

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Non-IFRS Financial Measures – Definitions

Non-IFRS Measure	Definition	Reconciliation
Adjusted net ncome	Adjusted net income is a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with net income and comprehensive income and removes the effects of: (i) fair value adjustment of investment properties; (ii) fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments; (iii) fair value adjustment of Class B LP units; and (iv) transaction costs incurred for acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees. The Trust considers this to be a useful measure of operating performance, as fair value adjustments can fluctuate widely with the real estate market.	Operating results – Adjusted net income
Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization "Adjusted EBITDA")	Adjusted EBITDA income is a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with net income and comprehensive income and removes the effects of certain adjustments, on a proportionate basis, including: (i) interest expense; (ii) taxes; (iii) depreciation of property and equipment; (iv) amortization of intangible assets; (v) fair value adjustments (including adjustments of investment properties, of financial instruments, of Class B LP units and of unit price adjustments related to unit-based compensation); (vi) transaction costs for acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees; and (vii) straight-line rental revenue adjustments. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to Adjusted EBITDA is net income and comprehensive income. The Trust believes Adjusted EBITDA is a useful metric to determine its ability to service debt, to finance capital expenditures and to provide distributions to its Unitholders.	Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA"); Capital Resources - Interest coverage ratio; and Capital Resources - Debt service coverage ratio
Same-Property NOI	Same-Property NOI is a non-IFRS financial measure defined as net operating income ("NOI") for the properties that the Trust owned and operated for the entire duration of both the current year and the previous year. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to same-property NOI is Operating Income. The Trust believes this is a useful measure as NOI growth can be assessed on its portfolio by excluding the impact of property acquisitions and dispositions of both the current year and previous year. The Trust uses the Same-Property NOI to indicate the profitability of its existing portfolio operations and the Trust's ability to increase its revenues, reduce its operating costs and generate organic growth.	Operating results - Same-Property Portfolio
Funds from Operations "FFO") and FFO Adjusted	FFO is a non-IFRS financial measure used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its January 2022 White Paper ("White Paper"). FFO is defined as net income and comprehensive income less certain adjustments, on a proportionate basis, including: (i) fair value adjustments on investment properties, class B LP units and derivative financial instruments; (ii) amortization of lease incentives; (iii) incremental leasing costs; and (iv) distribution on class B LP units. FFO is reconciled to net income and comprehensive income, which is the most directly comparable IFRS measure. FFO is also reconciled with the cash flows from operating activities, which is an IFRS measure. FFO Adjusted is also a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with FFO and removes the impact of transaction costs on acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees. The Trust believes FFO and FFO Adjusted are key measures of operating performance and allow the investors to compare its historical performance.	Funds from Operations (FFO); Cash Flows; and Appendix 2
Adjusted Funds rom Operations 'AFFO") ind AFFO Adjusted	AFFO is a non-IFRS financial measure used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its White Paper. AFFO is defined as FFO less: (i) straight-line rental revenue adjustment; (ii) accretion of effective interest; (iii) amortization of other property and equipment; (iv) unit-based compensation expenses; (v) provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures; and (vi) provision for unrecovered rental fees (related to regular leasing expenditures). AFFO is reconciled to net income and comprehensive income, which is the most directly comparable IFRS measure. AFFO is also reconciled with the cash flows from operating activities, which is an IFRS measure. AFFO Adjusted is also a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with AFFO and removes the impact of transaction costs on acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees. The Trust considers AFFO and AFFO Adjusted to be useful measures of economic earnings and relevant in understanding its ability to service its debt, fund capital expenditures and provide distributions to unitholders.	Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO); Cash Flows; and Appendix 2
FFO and AFFO per unit and FFO adjusted and AFFO adjusted per unit	FFO and AFFO per unit and FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted per unit are non-IFRS financial measures used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its White Paper. These ratios are calculated by dividing the FFO, AFFO, FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted by the Weighted average number of units and Class B LP units outstanding. The Trust believes these metrics to be key measures of operating performances allowing the investors to compare its historical performance in relation to an individual per unit investment in the Trust.	Funds from Operations (FFO); Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)
FFO and AFFO payout ratios and FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted payout ratios	FFO and AFFO payout ratios and FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted payout ratios are non-IFRS financial measures used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its White Paper. These payout ratios are calculated by dividing the actual distributions per unit by FFO, AFFO, FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted per unit in each period. The Trust considers these metrics a useful way to evaluate its distribution paying capacity.	Funds from Operations (FFO); Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO); and Appendix 2
Total Debt Ratio	Total debt ratio is a non-IFRS financial measure of the Trust financial leverage, which is calculated by taking the total long-term debt less cash divided by total gross value of the assets of the Trust less cash. The Trust considers this metric useful as it indicates its ability to meet its debt obligations and its capacity for future additional acquisitions.	Capital Resources – Debt ratio
Total Mortgage Debt Ratio	Mortgage debt ratio is a non-IFRS financial measure of the Trust financial leverage, which is calculated by taking the total mortgage debt less cash divided by total gross value of the assets of the Trust less cash. The Trust considers this metric useful as it indicates its ability to meet its mortgage debt obligations and its capacity for future additional acquisitions.	Capital Resources – Mortgage ratio
nterest Coverage Ratio	Interest coverage ratio is a non-IFRS financial measure which is calculated by taking the Adjusted EBITDA divided by interest expenses net of financial income (interest expenses exclude early repayment fees, accretion of effective interest, distribution on Class B LP units, accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures and the fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments and Class B LP units). The Trust considers this metric useful as it indicates its ability to meet its interest cost obligations for a given period.	Capital Resources - Interest coverage ratio
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Debt service coverage ratio is a non-IFRS financial measure which is calculated by taking the Adjusted EBITDA divided by the Debt Service Requirements, which consists of principal repayments and interest expenses net of financial income (interest expenses exclude early repayment fees, accretion of effective interest, distribution on Class B LP units, accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures and the fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments and Class B LP units). The Trust considers this metric useful as it indicates its ability to meet its debt service obligations for a given period.	Capital Resources - Debt service coverage ratio