BTB Real Estate Investment Trust TSX: BTB.UN

People and their stories are at the heart of our success.

BTB at a Glance As of June 30th, 2024 94.6% 61M 75 Occupancy rate Asset value Square feet **Properties** \$5.46 IFRS 58.1% 80.2% 10.4c Net asset value Total debt AFFO adjusted FFO adjusted per unit ratio (1) payout ratio (1) per unit (1) 9.6% 8.3¢ 7.5¢ **Distribution yield** Distributions Market capitalization Net earnings (unit trading price at (100% tax deferred) per unit per unit \$3.13)

(1) This is a non-IFRS financial measure as defined on the following page.

Acquisition Strategy

- Primary markets
- Established and reputable tenants
- Long-term leases and high occupancy rates
- Social and environmental responsibility

Recent Acquisitions (2021-2023)

Percentages presented on a per square foot basis

76% industrial (9 Edmonton, 4 Saskatoon, 1 Ottawa, 3 Montréal)

24% suburban office (1 Edmonton, 2 Ottawa, 2 Montréal)

Evolution of BTB's Portfolio Composition

Percentages presented based on fair value of properties.

Q2 2021 Q2 2024

19.5% > 36.6% industrial



26.8% > 20.7% necessity-based retail

Top 10 Clients

As of June 30th, 2024



Fundamental Principles

- Robust Portfolio
- Vertical Integration
- Value Creation
- Generating Beneficial Returns
- Responsibility

BTB's Portfolio by Geographic Region

As of June 30th, 2024 Percentages presented on a per square foot basis

10.4% 💛 Western Canada

14 properties 0.6M sq. ft. • Industrial

Ottav

Suburban office

Ottawa V

13.3%

- 0.8M sq. ft.Industrial
- Suburban office

76.3% Québec (Montréal,

Quebec City & Trois-Rivières)

50 properties 4.6M sq. ft.

- Industrial
- Suburban office
- Necessity-based retail

Contact

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Non-IFRS Financial Measures – Definitions

Non-IFRS Measure	Definition	Reconciliation
Adjusted net income	Adjusted net income is a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with net income and comprehensive income and removes the effects of: (i) fair value adjustment of investment properties; (ii) fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments; (iii) fair value adjustment of Class B LP units; and (iv) transaction costs incurred for acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees.	Operating results – Adjusted net income
	The Trust considers this to be a useful measure of operating performance, as fair value adjustments can fluctuate widely with the real estate market and transaction costs are non-recurring in nature.	
Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA")	Adjusted EBITDA income is a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with net income and comprehensive income and removes the effects of certain adjustments, on a proportionate basis, including: (i) interest expense; (ii) taxes; (iii) depreciation of property and equipment; (iv) amortization of intangible assets; (v) fair value adjustments (including adjustments of investment properties, of financial instruments, of Class B LP units and of unit price adjustments related to unit-based compensation); (vi) transaction costs for acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees; and (vii) straight-line rental revenue adjustments. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to Adjusted EBITDA is net income and comprehensive income. The Trust believes Adjusted EBITDA is a useful metric to determine its ability to service debt, to finance capital expenditures and to provide distributions to its Unitholders.	Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA"); Capital Resources – Interest coverage ratio; and Capital Resources – Debt
Same-Property NOI	Same-Property NOI is a non-IFRS financial measure defined as net operating income ("NOI") for the properties that the Trust owned and operated for the entire duration of both the current year and the previous year. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to same-property NOI is Operating Income.	Service coverage ratio Operating results – Same-Property Portfolio
	The Trust believes this is a useful measure as NOI growth can be assessed on its portfolio by excluding the impact of property acquisitions and dispositions of both the current year and previous year. The Trust uses the Same-Property NOI to indicate the profitability of its existing portfolio operations and the Trust's ability to increase its revenues, reduce its operating costs and generate organic growth.	
Funds from Operations ("FFO") and FFO Adjusted	FFO is a non-IFRS financial measure used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its January 2022 White Paper ("White Paper"). FFO is defined as net income and comprehensive income less certain adjustments, on a proportionate basis, including: (i) fair value adjustments on investment properties, class B LP units and derivative financial instruments; (ii) amortization of lease incentives; (iii) incremental leasing costs; and (iv) distribution on class B LP units. FFO is reconciled to net income and comprehensive income, which is the most directly comparable IFRS measure. FFO is also reconciled with the cash flows from operating activities, which is an IFRS measure.	Funds from Operations (FFO and Cash Flows
	FFO Adjusted is also a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with FFO and remove the impact of non-recurring items such as transaction cost on acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees.	
	The Trust believes FFO and FFO Adjusted are key measures of operating performance and allow the investors to compare its historical performance.	
Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO") and AFFO Adjusted	AFFO is a non-IFRS financial measure used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its White Paper. AFFO is defined as FFO less: (i) straight-line rental revenue adjustment; (ii) accretion of effective interest; (iii) amortization of other property and equipment; (iv) unit-based compensation expenses; (v) provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures; and (vi) provision for unrecovered rental fees (related to regular leasing expenditures). AFFO is reconciled to net income and comprehensive income, which is the most directly comparable IFRS measure. AFFO is also reconciled with the cash flows from operating activities, which is an IFRS measure.	Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO) and Cash Flows
	AFFO Adjusted is also a non-IFRS financial measure that starts with AFFO and removes the impact of non-recurring items such as transaction costs on acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees.	
	The Trust considers AFFO and AFFO Adjusted to be useful measures of recurring economic earnings and relevant in understanding its ability to service its debt, fund capital expenditures and provide distributions to unitholders.	
FFO and AFFO per unit and FFO adjusted	FFO and AFFO per unit and FFO adjusted and AFFO adjusted per unit are non-IFRS financial measures used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its White Paper. These ratios are calculated by dividing the FFO, AFFO, FFO adjusted and AFFO adjusted by the Weighted average number of units and Class B LP units outstanding.	Funds from Operations (FFO); Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)
and AFFO adjusted per unit	The Trust believes these metrics to be key measures of operating performances allowing the investors to compare its historical performance in relation to an individual per unit investment in the Trust.	
FFO and AFFO payout ratios	FFO and AFFO payout ratios and FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted payout ratios are non-IFRS financial measures used by most Canadian real estate investment trusts based on a standardized definition established by REALPAC in its White Paper. These payout ratios are	Funds from Operations (FFO)
and FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted payout ratios	calculated by dividing the actual distributions per unit by FFO, AFFO and FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted per unit in each period. The Trust considers these metrics a useful way to evaluate its distribution paying capacity.	and Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)
Total debt ratio	Total debt ratio is a non-IFRS financial measure of the Trust financial leverage, which is calculated by taking the total long-term debt less cash divided by total gross value of the assets of the Trust less cash.	Capital Resources – Debt ratio
	The Trust considers this metric useful as it indicates its ability to meet its debt obligations and its capacity for future additional acquisitions.	
Interest Coverage Ratio	Interest coverage ratio is a non-IFRS financial measure which is calculated by taking the Adjusted EBITDA divided by interest expenses net of financial income (interest expenses exclude early repayment fees, accretion of effective interest, distribution on Class B LP units, accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures and the fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments and Class B LP units).	Capital Resources – Interest coverage ratio
	The Trust considers this metric useful as it indicates its ability to meet its interest cost obligations for a given period.	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Debt service coverage ratio is a non-IFRS financial measure which is calculated by taking the Adjusted EBITDA divided by the Debt Service Requirements, which consists of principal repayments and interest expenses net of financial income (interest expenses exclude early repayment fees, accretion of effective interest, distribution on Class B LP units, accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures and the fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments and Class B LP units).	Capital Resources – Debt service coverage ratio
	The Trust considers this metric useful as it indicates its ability to meet its interest cost obligations for a given period.	