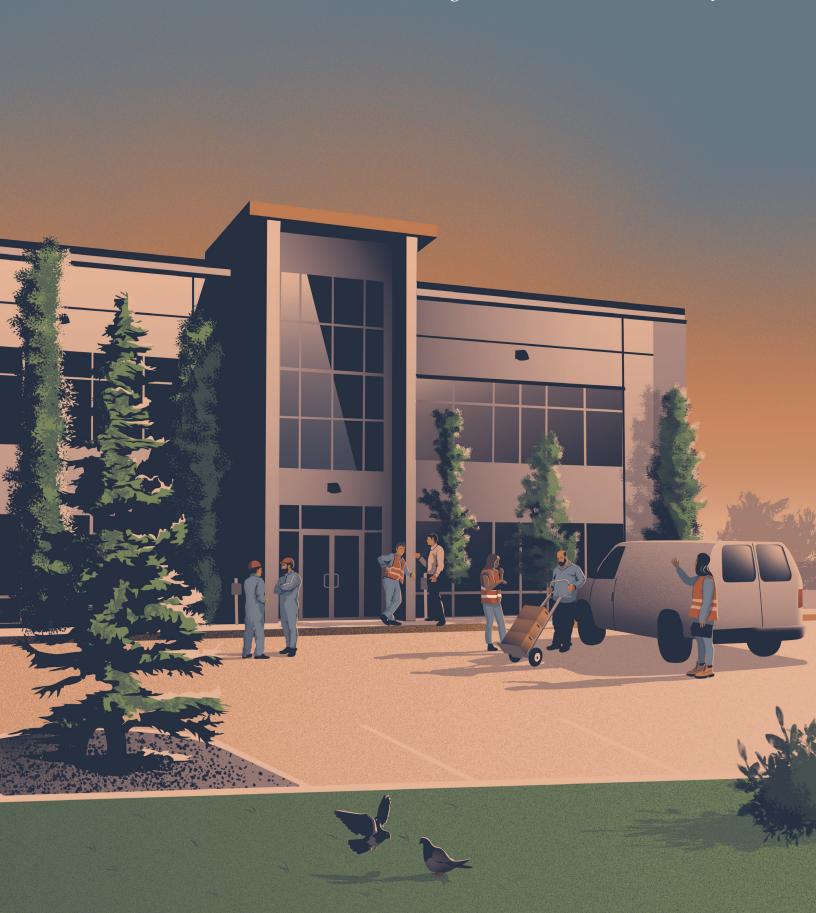
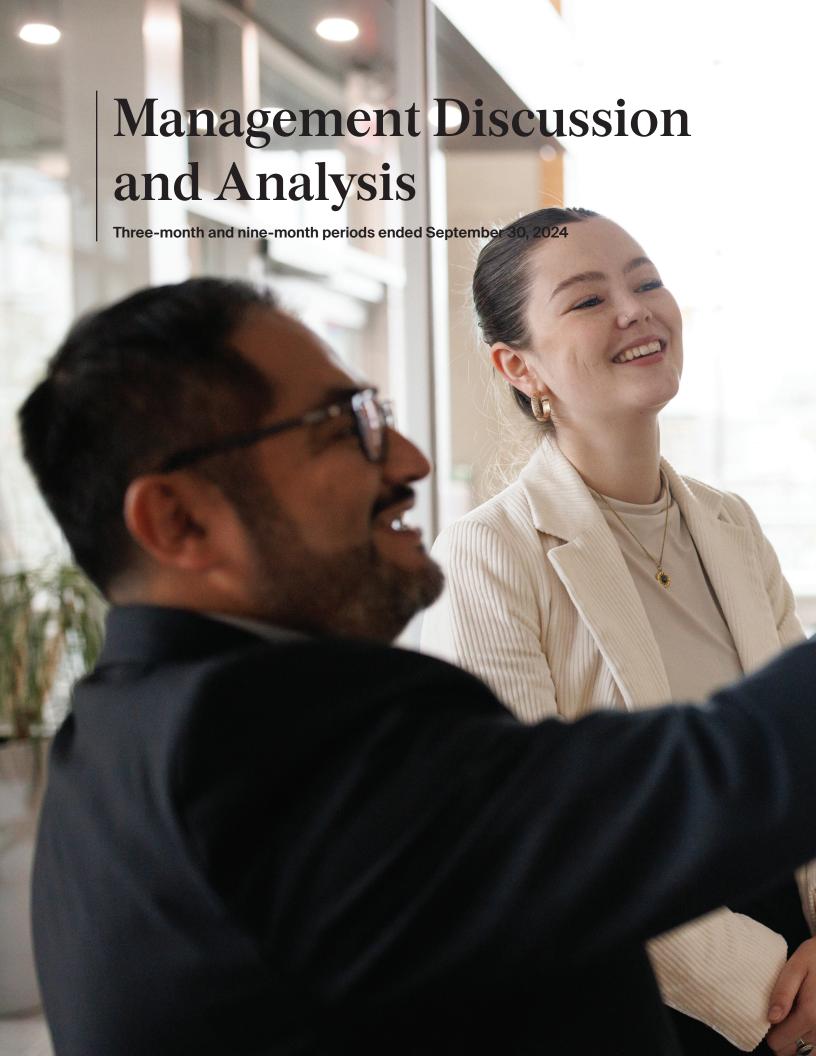


Balancing Growth and Responsibility Q3 2024 Management Discussion and Analysis







Introduction

The purpose of this Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is to communicate the operating results of BTB Real Estate Investment Trust ("BTB" or the "Trust") for the period ended September 30, 2024, as well as its financial position on that date. The report presents a summary of some of the Trust's business strategies, and the business risks it faces. This MD&A, dated November 1, 2024, should be read together with the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the period ended September 30, 2024. It discusses significant information available up to the said date of this MD&A. The Trust's consolidated annual financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for per unit and per square foot amounts. Additional information about the Trust is available on the Canadian Security Administrators ("CSA") website at www.sedarplus.ca and on our website at www.btbreit.com.

The Audit Committee reviewed the contents of this MD&A and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the Trust's Board of Trustees has approved them.

Forward-Looking Statements – Caveat

From time to time, written or oral forward-looking statements are made within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. Forward-looking statements are made in this MD&A, in other filings with Canadian regulators, in reports to unitholders and in other communications. These forward-looking statements may include statements regarding the Trust's future objectives, strategies to achieve the Trust's objectives, as well as statements with respect to the Trust's beliefs, outlooks, plans, objectives, expectations, forecasts, estimates and intentions. The words "may," "could," "should," "outlook," "believe," "plan," "forecast," "estimate," "expect," "propose," and the use of the conditional and similar words and expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous factors and assumptions, and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, which give rise to the possibility that predictions, forecasts, projections, and other forward-looking statements will not be achieved. Readers must be warned not to place undue reliance on these statements as several important factors could cause the Trust's actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in such forward looking statements. These factors include general economic conditions in Canada and elsewhere, the effects of competition in the markets where we operate, the impact of changes in laws and regulations, including tax laws, successful execution of the Trust's strategy, the ability to complete and integrate strategic acquisitions successfully, potential dilution, the ability to attract and retain key employees and executives, the financial position of lessees, the ability to refinance our debts upon maturity, the ability to renew leases coming to maturity, and to lease vacant space, the ability to complete developments on plan and on schedule and to raise capital to finance the Trust's growth, as well as changes in interest rates. The foregoing list of important factors likely to affect future results is not exhaustive. When relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to the Trust, investors and others should carefully consider these factors and other facts and uncertainties. Additional information about these factors can be found in the "Risks and Uncertainties" section.

The Trust cannot assure investors that actual results will be consistent with any forward-looking statements and the Trust assumes no obligation to update or revise such forward-looking statements to reflect new events or circumstances, except as required under applicable securities regulations.

Non-IFRS Financial Measures

Certain terms and measures used in this MD&A are listed and defined in the appendix 1, including any per unit information if applicable, are non-IFRS performance measures and do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS. Explanations on how these non-IFRS financial measures provide useful information to investors and the additional purposes, if any, for which the Trust uses these non-IFRS financial measures, are also included in the appendix 1. IFRS are International Financial Reporting Standards defined and issued by the IASB, in effect as at the date of this MD&A.

Securities regulations require that non-IFRS financial measures be clearly defined and that they not be assigned greater weight than IFRS measures. The referred non-IFRS financial measures, which are reconciled to the most similar IFRS measure in the appendix 2 if applicable, do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and these measures cannot be compared to similar measures used by other issuers.

The Trust

The Trust is an unincorporated open-ended real estate trust formed under and governed by the laws of the province of Québec pursuant to a trust agreement (as amended). The Trust began its real estate operations on October 3, 2006, and as of September 30, 2024, it owned 75 properties, being industrial, suburban office and necessity-based retail properties located in primary markets of the provinces of Québec, Ontario, Alberta, and Saskatchewan. Since its inception, the Trust has become an important property owner in the province of Québec, in Eastern Ontario and since December 2021, in Western Canada. The units and Series G and H convertible debentures are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbols "BTB.UN", "BTB.DB. G" and "BTB. DB.H", respectively.

The Trust's management is entirely internalized, and no service agreements or asset management agreements are in force between the Trust and its officers. The Trust therefore ensures that the interests of management and of its employees are aligned with those of the unitholders. Only two properties are managed by third party managers dealing at arm's length with the Trust. Management's objective is, when favourable circumstances will prevail, to directly manage the Trust's remaining properties to possibly achieve savings in management and operating fees through centralized and improved property management operations.

The following table provides a summary of the real estate portfolio:

	Number of properties	Leasable area (sq. ft.)	Fair value (thousands of \$)
As at September 30, 2024	75	6,125,735	1,215,717

These figures include a 50% interest in a 17,114 square-foot property in a Montréal suburb and a 50% interest in one property totalling 74,940 square feet in Gatineau, Québec and total leasable area includes a 55,849 square-foot property in Edmonton reclassified as a finance lease and not included in fair value.

Objectives and Business Strategies

The Trust's primary objective is to maximize total return to unitholders. Total return includes distributions and long-term appreciation of the trading value of its units. More specifically, the objectives are as follows:

- (i) Generate stable monthly cash distributions that are reliable and fiscally beneficial to unitholders.
- (ii) Grow the Trust's assets through internal growth and accretive acquisitions.
- (iii) Optimize the value of its assets through dynamic management of its properties to maximize their long-term value.

Strategically, the Trust seeks to acquire properties with high occupancy rates, good tenant quality, superior locations or low potential lease turnover and properties that are well maintained and may require less capital expenditures.

The Trust's management regularly performs strategic portfolio reviews to determine whether it is financially advisable to dispose of certain investment properties. The Trust may dispose of certain assets if their size, location and/or profitability no longer meet the Trust's investment criteria.

In such cases, the Trust expects to use the proceeds from the sale of assets to reduce debt thereon and/or redeploy capital in property acquisitions.

Highlights of the Third Quarter ended September 30, 2024

Rental revenue: Stood at \$32.5 million for the current quarter, which represents an increase of 3.9% compared to the same quarter of 2023. For the cumulative nine-month period, rental revenue totalled \$97.4 million which represents an increase of 1.5% compared to the same period in 2023. During Q1 2023, the Trust recorded a one-time \$1.4 million increase of rental revenue pursuant to unrecorded revenue for previous quarters associated to a specific lease (the "One-Time Adjustment"). Excluding the One-Time Adjustment, rental revenue for current cumulative nine-month period vs the same period in 2023 would have increased by 3.1%.

Net operating income (NOI): Totalled \$18.8 million for the current quarter, which represents an increase of 3.8% compared to the same quarter of 2023. The increase for the quarter is due to operating improvements, higher rent renewal rates, and increases in rental spreads for in-place leases (\$1.4 million). The recorded increase is partially offset by the bankruptcies of two tenants: (1) Énergie Cardio in Quebec City (\$0.3 million), which space was rapidly leased to the group that purchased the assets of the bankrupt business and (2) Nuera Air, a tenant occupying 132,665 square feet in an industrial property in Laval, Québec (\$0.5 million). For the cumulative ninemonth period, the NOI totalled \$56.0 million which represents a decrease of 0.3% compared to the same period in 2023. Excluding the One-Time adjustment, the cumulative nine-month period NOI for Q3 2024 vs the same period in 2023 would have increased by 2.3%.

Net income and comprehensive income: Totalled \$5.5 million for the quarter compared to \$15.2 million for the same period in 2023, representing a decrease of \$9.7 million. TThe result for the quarter is affected by a \$6.2 million non-cash net reduction in the gain of the fair value of investment properties and a \$2.8 million non-cash loss in the net adjustment of the fair value of derivative financial instruments. For the cumulative nine-month period, net income and comprehensive income totalled \$19.9 million, representing a decrease of \$15 million. Excluding the One-Time Adjustment, the decrease for the cumulative nine-month period from Q3 2024 vs Q3 2023 would have been \$13.5 million.

Same-property NOI[®]: For the quarter, the same-property NOI increased by 7.3% compared to the same period in 2023, and for the cumulative nine-month period, the same-property NOI increased by 4.8% compared to the same period in 2023. These increases are due to higher rent renewal rates of 4.6% across all three segments of the portfolio. For the cumulative nine-month period, the Trust achieved increases of rent renewal rates of 5.8% for the industrial segment, 3.2% for the suburban office segment and 6.1% for the necessity-based retail segment. The industrial segment is also positively impacted by increases in rental rates for in-place leases.

FFO adjusted per unit⁽¹⁾: Was 10.7¢ per unit for the quarter compared to 10.4¢ per unit for the same period in 2023, representing an increase of 0.3¢ per unit. The increase of FFO adjusted for the quarter is explained by an increase in NOI of \$0.7 million offset by an increase of interest expense net of financial income of \$0.5 million. For the cumulative nine-month period, the FFO adjusted was 31.3¢ per unit compared to 33.8¢ per unit for the same period in 2023, representing a decrease of 2.5¢ per unit. Excluding the One-Time Adjustment, the cumulative nine-month period FFO adjusted per unit for Q3 2024 vs the same period in 2023 would have recorded a decrease of 0.9¢ per unit. In addition, FFO adjusted per unit was negatively impacted by an increase in weighted average number of units outstanding of 1.4 million units, due to the unitholder's participation in the distribution reinvestment plan.

FFO adjusted payout ratio[®]: Was 70.3% for the quarter compared to 72.5% for the same period in 2023, an improvement of 2.2%. For the cumulative nine-month period, the FFO adjusted payout ratio was 71.9% compared to 66.5% for the same period in 2023, an increase of 5.4%. Excluding the One-Time Adjustment, the cumulative nine-month period FFO adjusted payout ratio for Q3 2024 vs the same period in 2023 would have increased by 2.0%.

AFFO adjusted per unit⁽¹⁾: Was 9.7¢ per unit for the quarter compared to 8.8¢ per unit for the same period in 2023, representing an increase of 0.9¢ per unit, in line with the increase of FFO adjusted explained above. For the cumulative nine-month period, the AFFO adjusted per unit was 28.0¢ per unit compared to 30.1¢ per unit for the same period in 2023, representing a decrease of 2.1¢ per unit compared to the same period in 2023. Excluding the One-Time Adjustment, the cumulative nine-month period AFFO adjusted per unit would have decreased by 0.4¢ per unit. AFFO adjusted per unit was also negatively impacted by the increase in weighted average number of units outstanding of 1.4 million units, due to the unitholder's participation in the distribution reinvestment plan.

AFFO adjusted payout ratio[®]: Was 77.2% for the quarter compared to 85.3% for the same period in 2023. For the cumulative nine-month period, the AFFO adjusted payout ratio was 80.3% compared to 74.8% for the same period in 2023, representing an increase of 5.5%. Excluding the One-Time adjustment, the cumulative nine-month period AFFO adjusted payout ratio for Q3 2024 vs the same period in 2023 would have increased by 1.1%.

Leasing activity: During the quarter, the Trust completed a total of 254,912 square feet of lease renewals and 18,713 square feet of new leases. The occupancy rate stood at 92.3%, representing a 230 basis points decrease compared to the prior quarter and a 140 basis points decrease compared to the same period in 2023. The decrease in occupancy is primarily due to the previously mentioned bankruptcy of Nuera Air. The Trust has already retained the services of a national commercial brokerage firm specialized in the industrial segment to lease the property. Mitigating this decrease in occupancy is the addition of 45,870 square feet to the Trusts' total leasable area this quarter as a result of the construction of an expansion to a necessity-based retail property located in Lévis, Québec, which is leased on a long-term basis to Winners/Home Sense.

The increase in the average renewal rate for the current quarter and current cumulative nine-month period was respectively 2.4% and 4.6%.

Liquidity position: The Trust held \$3.3 million of cash at the end of the quarter and \$29.3 million is available under its credit facilities. The Trust has the option to increase its capacity under credit facilities by \$10.0 million, subject to lender approval. (1) (2)

Debt metrics: BTB ended the quarter with a total debt ratio ⁽¹⁾ of 58.3%, recording a decrease of 30 basis points compared to December 31, 2023. The Trust ended the quarter with a mortgage debt ratio ⁽¹⁾ of 52.5%, an increase of 30 basis points compared to December 31, 2023.

Subsequent events

On October 22, 2024, the Trust closed an additional revolving line of credit in the amount of \$2 million, this increases the availability under its credit facilities to \$31.3 million.

On October 31, 2024, the Trust fully redeemed and paid at maturity the Series G unsecured convertible debentures at their nominal value of \$24 million plus accrued interest of \$0.7 million using proceeds sourced from mortgage loans.

Summary of significant items as at September 30, 2024

- Total number of properties: 75
- Total leasable area: 6.1 million square feet
- Total fair value of its assets: \$1.2 billion
- Market capitalization: \$317 million (unit trading price of \$3.61 as at September 30, 2024)

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽²⁾ Credit facilities is a term used that reconciles with the bank loans as presented and defined in the Trust's consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes.

Selected Financial Information

The following table presents highlights and selected financial information for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30		Qua	rter	Cumulative (9 months)		
n thousands of dollars, except for ratios and per unit data)		2024	2023	2024	2023	
Refe	rence (page)	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial information						
Rental revenue	36	32,505	31,285	97,359	95,904	
Net operating income (NOI)	36	18,753	18,075	55,969	56,124	
Net income and comprehensive income	36	5,470	15,216	19,895	34,864	
Adjusted net income ⁽¹⁾	47	7,690	8,038	22,770	26,332	
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	48	18,030	16,544	52,606	51,654	
NOI from the same-property portfolio ⁽¹⁾	49	18,594	17,323	52,508	50,085	
Distributions	50	6,627	6,524	19,815	19,456	
FFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	51	9,426	9,030	27,501	29,258	
AFFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	52	8,581	7,675	24,630	25,990	
Cash flow from operating activities	53	16,417	16,317	47,520	49,294	
Total assets	55			1,243,918	1,235,555	
Investment properties	38			1,215,717	1,207,090	
Mortgage loans	57			653,147	641,737	
Convertible debentures	59			43,155	42,250	
Mortgage debt ratio ⁽²⁾	60			52.5%	52.2%	
Total debt ratio ⁽¹⁾	60			58.3%	58.4%	
Weighted average interest rate on mortgage debt	58			4.33%	4.29%	
Market capitalization				316,841	258,250	
Financial information per unit						
Units outstanding (000)	62			87,767	86,371	
Class B LP units outstanding (000)	61			697	697	
Weighted average number of units outstanding (000)	62	87,624	86,261	87,179	85,938	
Weighted average number of units and Class B LP units outstanding (000)	62	88,321	86,992	87,877	86,452	
Net income and comprehensive income	36	6.2¢	17.5¢	22.6¢	40.3¢	
Adjusted net income ⁽¹⁾	47	8.7¢	9.2¢	25.9¢	30.5¢	
Distributions	50	7.5¢	7.5¢	22.5¢	22.5¢	
FFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	51	10.7¢	10.4¢	31.3¢	33.8¢	
Payout ratio on FFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	51	70.3%	72.5%	71.9%	66.5%	
AFFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	52	9.7¢	8.8¢	28.0¢	30.1¢	
Payout ratio on AFFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	52	77.2%	85.3%	80.3%	74.8%	
Market price of units				3.61	2.99	
Tax on distributions						
Tax deferral	64	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Operational information						
Number of properties	38			75	75	
Leasable area (thousands of sq. ft.)	38			6,126	6,117	
Committed occupancy rate	41			92.3%	93.7%	
Increase in average lease renewal rate	40	2.4%	11.9%	4.6%	7.1%	

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. The mortgage debt ratio is calculated by dividing the mortgage loans outstanding by the total gross value of the assets of the Trust less cash and cash equivalents.

Selected Quarterly Information

The following table summarizes the Trust's selected financial information for the last eight quarters:

(in thousands of dollars except for per unit data)	2024 Q-3	2024 Q-2	2024 Q-1	2023 Q-4	2023 Q-3	2023 Q-2	2022 Q-3	2022 Q-4
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rental revenue	32,505	32,218	32,636	31,922	31,285	31,708	32,911	31,486
Net operating income	18,753	18,856	18,360	19,255	18,075	19,041	19,008	18,624
Net income and comprehensive income	5,470	7,272	7,153	1,734	15,216	10,846	8,802	1,769
Net income and comprehensive income per unit	6.2¢	8.3¢	8.2¢	2.0¢	17.5¢	12.5¢	10.2¢	2.1¢
Cash from operating activities	16,417	18,758	12,143	21,560	16,317	17,320	15,657	18,961
FFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	9,426	9,149	8,925	9,688	9,030	10,195	10,033	10,059
FFO Adjusted per unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	10.7¢	10.4¢	10.2¢	11.1¢	10.4¢	11.8¢	11.7¢	11.8¢
AFFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	8,581	8,230	7,819	8,966	7,675	9,433	8,882	8,550
AFFO Adjusted per unit ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	9.7¢	9.4¢	8.9¢	10.3¢	8.8¢	10.9¢	10.3¢	10.0¢
Distributions ⁽⁴⁾	6,627	6,605	6,581	6,547	6,524	6,489	6,443	6,413
Distributions per unit ⁽⁴⁾	7.5¢	7.5¢	7.5¢	7.5¢	7.5¢	7.5¢	7.5¢	7.5¢

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

Segmented Information

The Trust's operations are generated from three segments of properties located in the provinces of Québec, Ontario, Alberta and Saskatchewan. The following tables summarize each operating segment's contribution to revenues, to net operating income (NOI) and to investment properties for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30:

Quarters ended September 30 (in thousands of dollars)	Industrial		Suburban office		Necessity-based retail		Total
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$
Quarter ended September 30, 2024							
Investment properties	445,025	36.6	509,234	41.9	261,458	21.5	1,215,717
Rental revenue from properties	8,096	24.9	16,754	51.5	7,655	23.6	32,505
Net operating income (NOI)	5,814	31.0	8,358	44.6	4,581	24.4	18,753
Quarter ended September 30, 2023							
Investment properties	445,177	36.9	518,271	42.9	243,642	20.2	1,207,090
Rental revenue from properties	8,088	25.9	15,926	50.9	7,271	23.2	31,285
Net operating income (NOI)	5,905	32.7	7,810	43.2	4,360	24.1	18,075

⁽²⁾ The FFO Adjusted per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the FFO Adjusted⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽³⁾ The AFFO Adjusted per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the AFFO Adjusted⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽⁴⁾ Includes distributions on Class B LP units.

Industrial performance

The proportional fair value of industrial properties stood at 36.9% compared to the same period last year. For the quarter, the proportional percentage of rental revenue for this segment decreased by 1.0% compared to the same period last year and for the quarter, the proportional percentage net operating income decreased by 1.7% compared to the same period last year. The slight decrease in proportional percentage for rental revenue and net operating income is mainly attributable to the previously mentioned bankruptcy of Nuera Air.

Suburban office performance

The proportional fair value of the suburban office properties decreased from 42.9% to 41.9% compared to the same period last year. The variance is due to the dispositions of two (2) properties, the gross proceeds totalling \$6.2 million, and a net decrease due to negative fair value adjustment of \$8.5 million, offset by a \$5.7 million increase due to capital expenditures, leasing fees and capitalized lease incentives. The proportional rental revenue for the quarter generated by the suburban office segment increased by 0.6% compared to the same period last year. The properties in this segment are supported by quality tenants (the Trust's top two tenants are Federal and Québec government agencies) and strong leasing activities (the Trust concluded for the year lease renewals for a total of 241,841 square feet in the suburban office segment with an average rent increase of 3.2%), increasing the committed occupancy rate for this segment by 170 basis points to 88.3%, compared to the same period in 2023.

Necessity-based retail performance

The necessity-based retail segment continues to show good performance as most of the properties in this segment are anchored by necessity-based tenants. The occupancy rate for the segment stood at 97.9% at the end of the third quarter 2024. For the year, the Trust concluded lease renewals for a total of 164,534 square feet in the necessity-based retail segment with an average rent increase of 6.1%. The proportional share of the net operating income (NOI) generated by the segment increased by 0.3% compared to the same period last year.

Operating Performance Indicators

The following performance indicators are used to measure the Trust's operating performance:

Committed occupancy rate: provides an indication of the optimization of rental space and the potential revenue gain from the Trust's property portfolio. This rate considers occupied leasable area and the leasable area of leases that have been signed as of the end of the quarter but where the term of the lease has not yet begun.

In-place occupancy rate: shows the percentage of occupied leasable area at the end of the period.

Lease renewal rate: is used to record the Trust's tenant retention with lease renewals.

Average rate of rent for renewed leases: measures organic growth and the Trust's ability to increase or decrease its rental revenue for a given period.

Real Estate Portfolio

At the end of the third quarter of 2024, BTB owned 75 properties, representing a total fair value of \$1.2 billion and a total leasable area of approximately 6.1 million square feet. A description of all the properties owned by the Trust can be found in the Trust's Annual Information Form available at www.sedarplus.com.

Summary of investment properties held as at September 30, 2024

Operating segment	Number of properties	Leasable area (sq. ft.)	Committed occupancy rate (%)	In Place occupancy rate (%)	% of portfolio
Industrial	32	2,085,319	93.5	93.5	34.0
Suburban office	32	2,609,571	88.3	88.1	42.6
Necessity-based retail	11	1,430,845	97.9	94.7	23.4
Total portfolio	75	6,125,735	92.3	91.5	100.0

Geographic sector	Number of properties	Leasable area (sq. ft.)	Committed occupancy rate (%)	In Place occupancy rate (%)	% of portfolio
Montreal	38	3,261,893	92.6	92.6	53.3
Québec City	10	1,276,939	85.2	81.4	20.8
Trois-Rivières	2	149,077	75.4	75.4	2.4
Ottawa	11	809,115	99.4	99.4	13.2
Edmonton	10	405,239	100.0	100.0	6.6
Saskatoon	4	223,472	100.0	100.0	3.7
Total portfolio	75	6,125,735	92.3	91.5	100.0

Dispositions of investment properties

On February 29, 2024, the Trust disposed of two office properties located at 32 and 50, Saint-Charles Street West, in Longueuil, Québec, for total proceeds of \$6.2 million, excluding transaction costs and adjustments.

Acquisitions of investment properties

Since the beginning of the year, the Trust did not acquire any properties.

Real Estate Operations

Portfolio occupancy

The following table summarizes the changes in occupied area for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	rter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in sq. ft.)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Occupied area at the beginning of the period ⁽¹⁾	5,757,351	5,754,349	5,762,653	5,455,798	
Purchased (sold) assets	-	-	(24,963)	260,111	
Signed new leases	18,713	25,476	116,855	217,900	
Tenant departures	(166,176)	(50,706)	(244,657)	(204,690)	
Other ⁽²⁾	45,870	-	45,870	-	
Occupied leasable area at the end of the period ⁽¹⁾	5,655,758	5,729,119	5,655,758	5,729,119	
Vacant leasable area at the end of the period ⁽³⁾	469,977	387,609	469,977	387,609	
Total leasable area at the end of the period	6,125,735	6,116,728	6,125,735	6,116,728	

⁽¹⁾ The occupied area includes in place and committed agreements.

Compared to the same period last year, the Trust saw a decrease in its occupancy rate by 140 basis points from 93.7% to 92.3%, primarily due to the previously mentioned bankruptcy of Nuera Air, a tenant occupying 132,665 square feet in an industrial property located in Laval, Québec.

As a result of the construction of a necessity-based retail property located in Lévis, Quebec, leased on a long-term basis to Winners/Home Sense, the Trust added, this quarter, 45,870 square feet to the Trust's total leasable area.

Leasing activities

The following table summarizes the percentage of lease renewals for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30 (in sq. ft.)	Qua	rter	Cumulative (9 months)		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Leases expired at term	80,620	100,023	394,823	444,480	
Renewed leases at term	47,109	52,178	297,345	258,131	
Renewal rate	58.4%	52.2%	75.3%	58.1%	

The Trust renewed 58.4% or 47,109 square feet of the 80,620 square feet of the leases expiring during the third quarter. In addition to the said 80,620 square feet, approximately 9,900 square feet of leases that mature during the quarter are in advanced lease renewal discussions or are being executed. For the cumulative nine-month period, the Trust renewed 75.3% or 297,345 square feet out of the 394,823 square feet expiring during the said period.

⁽²⁾ Other adjustments on the occupied area represent mainly area remeasurements and new leases related to construction projects.

⁽³⁾ The vacant leasable area and total leasable area were adjusted by 7,200 square feet affecting an existing property in the necessity-based retail segment in Dollard-Des-Ormeaux. Québec.

In addition, the Trust renewed leases with existing tenants, maturing during the year 2025 or thereafter, representing a total of 207,803 square feet for the quarter and a total of 269,711 square feet for the cumulative nine-month period. The most significant early lease renewals during the quarter were concluded with Lowe-Martin Company Inc. (industrial) located in Ottawa, Ontario representing 116,415 square feet, the Government of Canada (suburban office) located in Gatineau, Québec representing 44,222 square feet and with Hydro-Québec (suburban office) in Trois-Rivières, Québec representing 36,289 square feet.

In all, the Trust's total lease renewal activity amounts to 254,912 square feet for the third quarter and 567,056 square feet for the cumulative nine-month period.

Average lease renewal rate

The following table summarizes the average increase of rental rates for lease renewals by operating segment for the period ended September 30, 2024, as well as the cumulative period for the first nine months of 2024:

	Quarte	Quarter		
Operating segment	Renewals (Sq. ft.)	Increase (%)	Renewals (Sq. ft.)	Increase (%)
Industrial	124,162	5.8%	160,680	5.8%
Suburban office	125,731	-0.2%	241,842	3.2%
Necessity-based retail	5,019	6.7%	164,534	6.1%
Total	254,912	2.4%	567,056	4.6%

Since the beginning of the year, the Trust achieved a cumulative average rent increase of 4.6% across all three operating segments.

The recorded decrease in the average rent renewal rate for the suburban office segment is mainly due to the early renewal of Hydro-Québec's lease in Trois-Rivières for which rental rate was negotiated on an "as is, where is" basis in order to reinforce the stability of that property.

New leases

During the quarter, the Trust leased a total of 18,713 square feet to new tenants thereby leaving 469,977 square feet of leasable area available for lease at the end of the quarter.

In addition, during the third quarter, the Trust finalized lease negotiations with Winners/Home Sense, as previously mentioned, representing 45,870 square feet, increasing the total new leasing activity to 64,583 square feet.

For the cumulative nine-month period, 97,803 square feet or 83.7% of new leases were concluded in the suburban office segment, 2,000 square feet or 1.7% of the new leases were concluded in the industrial segment and 17,052 square feet or 14.6% of the new leases were concluded in the necessity-based retail segment. Including the Winners/Home Sense transaction the cumulative nine-month period new lease activity totalled 162,725 square feet.

Occupancy rates

The following tables detail the Trust's committed occupancy rates by operational segments and geographic sector, including committed lease agreements:

	September 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Operating segment	%	%	%	%	%
Industrial	93.5	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.7
Suburban office	88.3	88.8	88.6	87.7	86.6
Necessity-based retail	97.9	97.4	97.3	97.8	97.8
Total portfolio	92.3	94.6	94.5	94.2	93.7

	September 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Geographic sector	%	%	%	%	%
Montréal	92.6	96.7	96.6	96.2	96.3
Québec City	85.2	85.6	85.7	85.2	84.6
Trois-Rivières	75.4	75.5	73.2	74.6	58.6
Ottawa	99.4	98.8	99.1	98.8	98.4
Edmonton	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Saskatoon	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total portfolio	92.3	94.6	94.5	94.2	93.7

The occupancy rate at the end of the third quarter of 2024 stood at 92.3%, representing a 230 basis points decrease compared to the prior quarter, and a 140 basis points decrease compared to the same period in 2023. The in-place occupancy rate at the end of the quarter stood at 91.5%, representing a decrease of 190 basis points compared to the prior quarter, and a decrease of 180 basis points compared to the same period in 2023.

The decrease in occupancy is primarily due to previously mentioned bankruptcy of Nuera Air. The Trust has already retained the services of a national commercial brokerage firm specialized in the industrial segment to lease the property.

Lease maturities

The following table summarizes the Trust's lease maturity profile for the next five years:

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Industrial					
Leasable area (sq. ft.)	31,888	170,586	287,168	94,051	201,763
Average lease rate/square foot (\$)(1)	\$6.87	\$10.44	\$13.21	\$12.10	\$17.35
% of industrial portfolio	1.53%	8.18%	13.77%	4.51%	9.68%
Suburban office					
Leasable area (sq. ft.)	124,059	235,389	454,620	353,217	194,030
Average lease rate/square foot (\$)(1)	\$12.46	\$17.87	\$14.95	\$16.94	\$15.47
% of office portfolio	4.75%	9.02%	17.42%	13.54%	7.44%
Necessity-based retail					
Leasable area (sq. ft.)	21,698	179,176	109,720	115,967	49,905
Average lease rate/square foot (\$)(1)	\$22.92	\$15.70	\$13.33	\$16.70	\$19.63
% of retail portfolio	1.52%	12.52%	7.67%	8.10%	3.49%
Total portfolio					
Leasable area (sq. ft.)	177,645	585,151	851,508	563,235	445,698
Average lease rate/square foot (\$)(1)	\$12.73	\$15.04	\$14.15	\$16.08	\$16.79
% of total portfolio	2.90%	9.55%	13.90%	9.19%	7.28%

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. The average lease rate / square foot (\$) ratio is calculated by dividing the annual rental revenues related to leases maturing within a specific year divided by the total leasable area (square feet) of the leases maturing within a specific year.

Weighted average lease term

For the quarter ended September 30, 2024, the weighted average lease term stood at 5.7 years, compared to 5.9 years for the same period in 2023. In addition to secure future revenues of the Trust and solidifying its tenant base, the Trust's lease renewal strategy is also focused on renewing leases prior to maturity to increase the average outstanding lease terms.

Top 10 tenants

The Trust's three largest tenants are the Government of Québec (in the suburban office segment), the Government of Canada (in the suburban office segment), and Nors (in the industrial segment), representing respectively 5.9%, 5.3%, and 2.0% of rental revenue. The Trust's rental revenues are generated by multiple leases with these tenants whose lease maturities are spread over time.

45.3% of the Trust's total revenue is generated by leases signed with government agencies (federal, provincial, and municipal) and publicly traded entities.

The following table shows the contribution of the Trust's top 10 tenants as a percentage of revenue as at September 30, 2024. Their contribution accounts for 24.1% of rental revenue for the cumulative nine-month period and represents 22.9% of the total leasable area:

Client	% of revenue	% of leasable area	Leasable area (sq. ft.)
Government of Québec	5.9	4.9	299,578
Government of Canada	5.3	4.1	251,850
Wal-Mart Canada Inc.	2.0	1.9	118,585
Nors	1.9	4.3	264,550
Bristol-Myers Squibb Canada Co	1.8	1.0	61,034
The Lion Electric Company	1.7	2.9	176,819
Groupe BBA Inc.	1.6	1.1	69,270
Mouvement Desjardins	1.4	1.0	61,576
Intrado Life & Safety Canada, Inc.	1.3	0.9	53,767
ICU Medical Canada Inc.	1.2	0.8	48,676
	24.1	22.9	1,405,705

Operating Results

The following table summarizes the financial results for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023. This table should be read in conjunction with the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	arter	Cumulative	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	2024	2023		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Rental revenue	32,505	31,285	97,359	95,904		
Operating expenses	13,752	13,210	41,390	39,780		
Net operating income (NOI)	18,753	18,075	55,969	56,124		
Net financial expenses and financial income	11,473	7,582	28,993	22,309		
Administration expenses	2,093	1,712	6,902	5,386		
Transaction costs	-	46	468	46		
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	(283)	(6,481)	(289)	(6,481)		
Net income and comprehensive income	5,470	15,216	19,895	34,864		

Rental revenue

For the quarter, rental revenue increased by \$1.2 million or 3.9% compared to the same period last year. For the cumulative nine-month period, rental revenue increased by \$1.5 million or 1.5%. Excluding the One-Time Adjustment of \$1.4 million, the rental revenue for current cumulative nine-month period vs the same period in 2023 would have shown an increase of 3.0% or \$2.9 million due to \$0.9 million from acquisitions made in 2023 and \$2.0 million related to operating improvements, higher lease renewal rates, and organic increases in lease rates for in-place leases.

Operating expenses

The following table summarizes the Trust's operating expenses for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	arter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Operating expenses					
Maintenance, repairs and other operating costs	5,014	4,563	14,699	13,773	
Energy	1,382	1,557	4,649	4,722	
Property taxes and insurance	7,356	7,090	22,042	21,285	
Total operating expenses	13,752	13,210	41,390	39,780	
% of rental revenue	42.3%	42.2%	42.5%	41.5%	

Operating expenses increased due to an increase in maintenance costs as well as an increase in municipal taxes due to an increase in property values. The operating expenses, as a percentage of revenues, increased by 0.1% for the quarter compared to the same period last year and increased by 1.0% for the cumulative nine-month period. Excluding the One-Time Adjustment of \$1.4 million, the increase would be reduced to 0.4%.

Financial expenses and income

The following table summarizes financial expenses for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	ırter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial income	(604)	(561)	(1,745)	(1,222)	
Interest on mortgage loans	7,380	6,867	21,545	20,277	
Interest on convertible debentures	709	709	2,126	2,127	
Interest on credit facilities	794	785	2,498	1,748	
Other interest expense	147	106	365	308	
Interest expense net of financial income	8,426	7,906	24,789	23,238	
Distributions on Class B LP units	52	56	157	120	
Net financial expenses before non-monetary items	8,478	7,962	24,946	23,358	
Accretion of effective interest on mortgage loans and convertible debentures	391	271	1,060	785	
Accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures	101	92	291	263	
Net financial expenses before the following items:	8,970	8,325	26,297	24,406	
Fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments	2,168	(584)	2,222	(1,163)	
Fair value adjustment on Class B LP units	335	(159)	474	(934)	
Net financial expenses net of financial income	11,473	7,582	28,993	22,309	

Financial income consists of interest income generated from interest rate swap agreements on mortgages and finance income generated from a lease reclassified as a finance lease triggered by the exercise of an option to purchase the property located at 18028, 114th Avenue NW, in Edmonton, Alberta.

Interest expense, net of financial income increased by \$0.5 million for the quarter. This is mainly due to the increase in the weighted average mortgage interest rate. For the cumulative nine-month period, interest expense, net of financial income increased by \$1.6 million. This increase is explained by (1) an increase of \$0.8 million for the interest expense payable on the revolving credit facilities explained by a greater utilization, (2) an increase of \$1.3 million of the interest expense payable on mortgage loans due to the higher weighted average mortgage interest rates and (3) both of these increases are partially offset by an increase in financial income of \$0.5 million due to the reclassification of the finance lease previously mentioned.

As at September 30, 2024, the weighted average mortgage interest rate was 4.33%, 22 basis points higher than the average rate recorded as at September 30, 2023 which was 4.11%. The increase is mainly due to the refinancing of fixed-rate mortgages and mortgages subject to floating-for-fixed interest rate swap at a higher interest rate.

The weighted average interest rate for fixed mortgage loans increased by 10 basis points to 4.08% (3.98% as at September 30, 2023). Interest rates on first-ranking mortgage loans ranged from 2.30% to 7.70% as at September 30, 2024 (2.30% to 8.95% as at September 30, 2023), the cumulative balance of the Trust's mortgages subject to fixed interest rates is \$529.6 million. The weighted average contractual rate for mortgages subject to variable rates was 7.51%, a decrease of 92 basis points compared to the same period in 2023 which was 8.43%. The total amount of the Trust's loans subject to a variable rate is \$22.1 million. The weighted average contractual interest rate for mortgages subject to floating-for-fixed interest rate swap was 6.38% or 4.94% net of finance income, an increase of 23 basis points compared to the same period in 2023 which was 6.15% and 3.92% net of finance income. The cumulative balance of the Trust's loans subject to a floating-for-fixed interest rate swap is \$104.0 million.

The weighted average term of mortgage loans in place as at September 30, 2024, was 3.0 years (3.4 years as at September 30, 2023).

Net financial expenses, net of financial income, described above, include non-monetary items. These non-monetary items are the accretion of effective interest on mortgage loans and on convertible debentures, the accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures and the fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments and on Class B LP units.

Administration expenses

The following table summarizes the Trust's administration expenses for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	arter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Corporate expenses	1,641	1,479	5,526	4,794	
Expected credit losses	91	136	646	295	
Unit-based compensation	361	97	730	297	
Trust administration expenses	2,093	1,712	6,902	5,386	

Corporate expenses increased by \$0.2 million or 11% for the quarter compared to the same period last year. For the cumulative nine-month period increased by \$0.7 million due to personnel recruitment costs (\$0.3 million) and higher overall corporate expenses (\$0.4 million).

Expected credit losses remained stable for the quarter compared to the same period last year. Due to the write-off related to the previously mentioned bankruptcy of Nuera Air, the credit losses increased by \$0.4 million for the cumulative nine-month period compared to the same period last year.

Unit-based compensation increased by \$0.4 million for the quarter. The increase for the quarter is due to the improvement of the unit price, from 3.13\$ as of June 30, 2024, to 3.61\$ as of September 30, 2024.

Fair value adjustment of investment properties

Under IAS 40, the Trust accounts for its investment properties at fair value and recognizes the gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value in profit or loss for the period in which it arises. Furthermore, to a disposition of a property the Trust will revaluate the investment property to reflect the disposition consideration.

On an annual basis, the Trust retains the services of independent external appraisers to evaluate the fair value of a significant portion of its portfolio. Pursuant to its policy, the Trust ensures that all properties are externally appraised on a three-year rotation basis. In addition, the Trust externally appraises the 10 most valuable properties and properties that are part of acquisitions, financing, or refinancing transactions, or at a lender's request. As at September 30, 2024, the Trust externally appraised 52% of its properties, for an aggregate amount of \$627.2 million. For the cumulative nine-month period, a gain of \$0.3 million in net changes in fair value has been recorded, reflecting stability in capitalization rates across all three (3) asset classes as well as the updated cash flows assumptions.

For the properties not independently appraised during a given year, the Trust receives quarterly market data regarding capitalization rates and discount rates reflecting real estate market conditions from independent external appraisers or independent brokers or other experts. The capitalization rate reports provide a range of rates for various geographic regions where the Trust owns and for various types and qualities of properties within each said region. The Trust utilizes capitalization and discount rates within ranges provided by these external experts. To the extent that the externally provided capitalization rate ranges change from one reporting period to the next or should another rate within the provided ranges be more appropriate than the rate previously used, the fair value of the investment properties would increase or decrease accordingly.

The following tables summarize the changes in fair value of investment properties by segment for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	nrter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Industrial	2,926	39,930	2,926	39,930	
Suburban office	(7,339)	(26,300)	(7,333)	(26,300)	
Necessity-based retail	4,696	(7,149)	4,696	(7,149)	
Total change in fair value	283	6,481	289	6,481	

The following tables summarize the significant assumptions used in the modelling process for both internal and external appraisals for the periods ended September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

As at September 30, 2024	Industrial Suburban offic		Necessity-based retail
Capitalization rate	5.25% - 7.75%	6.00% - 8.25%	5.75% - 7.75%
Terminal capitalization rate	5.25% - 8.00%	6.25% - 8.50%	6.00% - 8.00%
Discount rate	6.00% - 8.50%	6.75% - 9.00%	6.50% - 8.75%
Weighted average capitalization rate	6.12%	7.00%	7.02%
As at December 31, 2023			
Capitalization rate	5.25% - 7.75%	6.25% - 8.25%	5.75% - 7.75%
Terminal capitalization rate	5.25% - 8.00%	6.25% - 8.50%	6.00% - 8.00%
Discount rate	6.00% - 8.50%	6.75% - 9.00%	6.50% - 8.75%
Weighted average capitalization rate	6.09%	7.00%	7.06%

The weighted average capitalization rate for the entire portfolio as at September 30, 2024, was stable at 6.68% (6.67% as at December 31, 2023).

As at September 30, 2024, the Trust has estimated that if an increase or a decrease of 0.25% in the weighted average capitalization rate were applied to the overall portfolio, this variation would affect the fair value of its investment properties respectively by a reduction of \$44.3 million or an increase of \$47.9 million. The change in the capitalization rates is an appropriate proxy of the changes for the discount and terminal capitalization rates.

Adjusted net income

Net income and comprehensive income fluctuate from one quarter to the next based on volatile non-monetary items. The fair value of derivative financial instruments and the fair value of investment properties fluctuate based on the stock market volatility of the Trust's units, the forward interest rate curve and the discount and capitalization rates of its real estate portfolio.

The following table summarizes the adjusted net income ⁽¹⁾ before these volatile non-monetary items and transaction costs for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	rter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars, except for per unit)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Net income and comprehensive income	5,470	15,216	19,895	34,864	
Transaction costs on acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees	-	46	468	46	
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	(283)	(6,481)	(289)	(6,481)	
Fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments	2,168	(584)	2,222	(1,163)	
Fair value adjustment on Class B LP units	335	(159)	474	(934)	
Adjusted net income ⁽¹⁾	7,690	8,038	22,770	26,332	
Per unit	8.7¢	9.2¢	25.9¢	30.5¢	

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

Adjusted net income decreased by \$0.3 million for the quarter compared to the same quarter last year due to an NOI increase of \$0.7 million; offset by (1) an increase of net financial expenses before fair value adjustments of \$0.7 million and (2) an increase in administrative expenses of \$0.4 million.

Adjusted net income decreased by \$3.6 million for the cumulative nine-month period compared to the same period last year.

Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation And Amortization (EBITDA) (1)

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income and comprehensive income established in accordance with IFRS and Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	nrter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars, except for per unit)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Net income being total comprehensive income for the period	5,470	15,216	19,895	34,864	
Interest expense	9,030	8,467	26,534	24,460	
Accretion of effective interest on mortgage loans and convertible debentures	391	271	1,060	785	
Amortization of property and equipment	17	33	51	79	
Lease incentive amortization	807	664	2,201	2,142	
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	(283)	(6,481)	(289)	(6,481)	
Fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments	2,168	(584)	2,222	(1,163)	
Fair value adjustment on Class B LP units	335	(159)	474	(934)	
Unit-based compensation (Unit price remeasurement)	342	(87)	814	(378)	
Transaction costs on acquisitions and dispositions of investment properties and early repayment fees	-	46	468	46	
Straight-line lease adjustment	(247)	(842)	(824)	(1,766)	
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	18,030	16,544	52,606	51,654	

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

For the quarter, the Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ increased by \$1.5 million compared to the same period last year. For the cumulative nine-month period, the Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ increased by \$1.0 million.

Operating Results – Same-Property Portfolio

Same-property portfolio

The same-property portfolio includes all the properties owned by the Trust on January 1, 2023, and that are still owned by the Trust on September 30, 2024. Therefore, it excludes all the acquired ^{(2) (3)} and disposed ^{(2) (3)} properties during the years 2023 and 2024 and straight-line rent.

The following table summarizes the results of the same-property NOI⁽¹⁾ for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30		Quarter		Cumu	lative (9 mo	nths)
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	D %	2024	2023	D %
	\$	\$		\$	\$	
Net operating income (NOI) as reported in the financial statements	18,753	18,075	3.8%	55,969	56,124	-0.3%
Straight-line rent	247	842		824	1,766	
NOI less straight-line rent	18,506	17,233	7.4%	55,145	54,358	1.4%
NOI sourced from:						
Acquisitions	-	-		(3,096)	(2,637)	
Dispositions	(1)	(32)		(15)	(380)	
Corporation	89	22		474	174	
Non-cash adjustment related to a change in accounting estimate and other specific items	-	100		-	(1,430)	
Same Property NOI ⁽¹⁾	18,594	17,323	7.3%	52,508	50,085	4.8%
Same Property NOI ⁽¹⁾ sourced from:						
Industrial	5,764	5,694	1.2%	14,522	13,924	4.3%
Suburban office	8,399	7,420	13.2%	24,665	23,550	4.7%
Necessity-based retail	4,431	4,209	5.3%	13,321	12,611	5.6%
Same Property NOI ⁽¹⁾	18,594	17,323	7.3%	52,508	50,085	4.8%

Compared to the same quarter last year, the same-property net operating income (SPNOI) (1) increased by 7.3% and for the cumulative nine-month period, same-property net operating income (SPNOI) (1) increased by 4.8%.

For the quarter, the SPNOI for the industrial segment increased by \$0.1 million or 1.2% compared to the same quarter last year, due to leasing efforts resulting in higher average lease rates of 5.8% for the quarter and organic increases in lease rates for in-place leases impacting SPNOI by \$0.6 million. This increase is offset by the previously mentioned bankruptcy of Nuera Air negatively impacting the NOI by \$0.5 million. For the cumulative nine-month period, the industrial segment increased by \$0.6 million or 4.3%.

For the quarter, the SPNOI for the suburban office segment saw an increase of \$1.0 million or 13.2% compared to the same quarter last year, due to leasing efforts resulting in higher average lease rates and an increase of the in-place occupancy rate of 2.2%. For the cumulative nine-month period, the suburban office segment increased by \$1.1 million or 4.7%.

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽²⁾ Refer to the Trust's condensed consolidated interim financial statements dated November 1, 2024, note 3, section a) for the acquired properties details.

⁽³⁾ Refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2023, for the acquisitions and dispositions of the year 2023.

Finally, for the quarter, the SPNOI for the necessity-based retail segment increased by \$0.2 million or 5.3% compared to the same quarter last year. For the cumulative nine-month period, the SPNOI of the necessity-based retail segment increased by \$0.7 million or 5.6%.

Distributions

Distributions and per unit

The following table summarizes the distributions for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	nrter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars, except for per unit data)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Distributions					
Cash distributions	5,693	5,607	16,976	16,766	
Cash distributions - Class B LP units	52	56	157	120	
Distributions reinvested under the distribution reinvestment plan	882	862	2,682	2,570	
Total distributions to unitholders	6,627	6,524	19,815	19,456	
Percentage of reinvested distributions ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	13.3%	13.2%	13.5%	13.2%	
Per unit ⁽²⁾					
Distributions	7.5¢	7.5¢	22.5¢	22.5¢	

(1) This is a non-IFRS financial measure. The percentage of reinvested distributions ratio is calculated by dividing the distributions reinvested under the distribution reinvestment plan by the total distributions to unitholders.

(2) Including Class B LP units.

For the quarter, the monthly distributions paid to unitholders totalled 2.5¢ per unit and for the quarter, totalled 7.5¢ per unit, unchanged from the same quarter of 2023.

For the cumulative nine-month period, the monthly distributions totalled 22.5¢ per unit, unchanged from the same period last year.

Funds from Operations (FFO)(1)

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income and comprehensive income established in accordance with IFRS and FFO⁽¹⁾ for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	rter	Cumulative	(9 months)
(in thousands of dollars, except for per unit)	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net income and comprehensive income (IFRS)	5,470	15,216	19,895	34,864
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	(283)	(6,481)	(289)	(6,481)
Fair value adjustment on Class B LP units	335	(159)	474	(934)
Amortization of lease incentives	807	664	2,201	2,142
Fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments	2,168	(584)	2,222	(1,163)
Leasing payroll expenses	535	359	1,559	1,042
Distributions - Class B LP units	52	56	157	120
Unit-based compensation (Unit price change) ⁽⁵⁾	342	(87)	814	(378)
FFO ⁽¹⁾	9,426	8,984	27,033	29,212
Transaction costs on disposition of investment properties and mortgage early repayment fees	-	46	468	46
FFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	9,426	9,030	27,501	29,258
FFO per unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	10.7¢	10.3¢	30.8¢	33.8¢
FFO Adjusted per unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	10.7¢	10.4¢	31.3¢	33.8¢
FFO payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	70.3%	72.9%	73.1%	66.6%
FFO Adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	70.3%	72.5%	71.9%	66.5%

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

For the quarter, FFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾ was 10.7¢ per unit, compared to 10.4¢ per unit for the same quarter last year representing an increase of 0.3¢ per unit. The increase of adjusted FFO for the quarter is explained by an NOI increase of \$0.7 million, offset by an increase in interest expense net of financial income of \$0.5 million.

For the cumulative nine-month period, the FFO Adjusted (1) was 31.3¢ per unit compared to 33.8¢ per unit for the same period in 2023, representing a decrease of 2.5¢ per unit. Excluding the One-Time adjustment, the cumulative nine-month period adjusted FFO per unit vs the same period in 2023 would have recorded a decrease of 0.9¢ per unit. In addition, adjusted FFO per unit was negatively impacted by the increase in weighted average number of units outstanding of 1.4 million units, due to the unitholder's participation in the distributions reinvested under the distribution reinvestment plan.

The FFO adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾ for the quarter stood at 70.3%, compared to 72.5% for the same quarter in 2023. For the cumulative nine-month period, the FFO adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾ was 71.9% compared to 66.5% for the same period in 2023.

⁽²⁾ Including Class B LP units.

⁽³⁾ The FFO per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the FFO⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽⁴⁾ The FFO Adjusted per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the FFO Adjusted⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽⁵⁾ The impact of the unit price change on the deferred unit-based compensation plan has been considered in the calculation of the FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted starting Q2 2021.

Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)(1)

The following table provides a reconciliation of FFO ⁽¹⁾ and AFFO ⁽¹⁾ for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Quarter Cum		Cumulative	ımulative (9 months)	
(in thousands of dollars, except for per unit data)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
FFO ⁽¹⁾	9,426	8,984	27,033	29,212	
Straight-line rental revenue adjustment	(247)	(842)	(824)	(1,766)	
Accretion of effective interest	391	271	1,060	785	
Amortization of other property and equipment	17	33	51	79	
Unit-based compensation expenses	19	184	(86)	677	
Provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	(650)	(626)	(1,947)	(1,918)	
Provision for unrecovered rental fees ⁽¹⁾	(375)	(375)	(1,125)	(1,125)	
AFFO ⁽¹⁾	8,581	7,629	24,162	25,944	
Transaction costs on disposition of investment properties and mortgage early repayment fees	-	46	468	46	
AFFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	8,581	7,675	24,630	25,990	
AFFO per unit(1)(2)(3)	9.7¢	8.8¢	27.5¢	30.0¢	
AFFO Adjusted per unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	9.7¢	8.8¢	28.0¢	30.1¢	
AFFO payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	77.2%	85.8%	81.8%	75.0%	
AFFO Adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	77.2%	85.3%	80.3%	74.8%	

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

For the quarter, AFFO Adjusted (1) was 9.7¢ per unit, compared to 8.8¢ per unit for the same quarter last year, an increase of 0.9¢ per unit, in line with the increase of the FFO adjusted explained above.

For the cumulative nine-month period, the AFFO adjusted per unit was 28.0¢ per unit compared to 30.1¢ per unit for the same period in 2023, representing a decrease of 2.1¢ per unit compared to the same period in 2023. Excluding the One-Time adjustment, the cumulative nine-month period AFFO adjusted per unit would have decreased by 0.4¢ per unit. AFFO adjusted per unit was also negatively impacted by the increase in weighted average number of units outstanding of 1.4 million units, due to the unitholder's participation under the distribution reinvestment plan.

The AFFO Adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾ for the quarter stood at 77.2% compared to 85.3% for the same quarter last year. For the cumulative nine-month period, the AFFO Adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾ was 80.3% compared to 74.8% for the same period in 2023.

In calculating AFFO ⁽¹⁾, the Trust deducts a provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures ⁽²⁾ to consider capital expenditures invested to maintain the condition of its properties and to preserve rental revenue. The provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures is calculated based on 2% of rental revenues. This provision is based on management's assessment of industry practices and its investment forecasts for the coming years.

⁽²⁾ Including Class B LP units.

⁽³⁾ The AFFO per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the AFFO⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽⁴⁾ The AFFO Adjusted per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the AFFO Adjusted⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure as defined in this page.

The Trust also deducts a provision for unrecoverable rental fees (1) in the amount of approximately 25¢ per square foot of the leasable area of the Trust's properties, on an annualized basis. Even though quarterly rental fee disbursements vary significantly from one quarter to another, management considers that this provision fairly represents, in the long term, the average disbursements not recovered directly in the rent that the Trust will receive. These disbursements consist of inducements paid or granted to its tenants when leases are signed that are generally amortized over the term of the lease and are subject to an equivalent increase in rent per square foot, of brokerage commissions and its leasing team payroll expenses.

The following table compares the amount of the provision for non-recoverable capital investments to the amount of investment made during the current comparative quarter and in the last few years:

Periods ended September 30 and 12-month periods ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)	September 30, 2024 (9 months)	September 30, 2023 (9 months)	December 31, 2023 (12 months)	December 31, 2022 (12 months)
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	1,947	1,918	2,557	2,390
Non-recoverable capital expenditures	2,440	2,782	3,858	1,735

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to AFFO section for detailed explanations.

The Trust intends to achieve a balance between actual investment and the estimated provisions over the long term. Management may change the calculation of the provision, as required.

Cash Flows

The following table shows the Trust's net distributions to unitholders compared to net cash flows from operating activities less interest paid for the years 2024, 2023 and 2022:

Periods ended September 30 and 12-month periods ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)	2024 (9 months)	2023 (9 months)	2023 (12 months)	2022 (12 months)
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net cash flows from operating activities	47,520	49,294	70,852	66,240
Interest paid	(24,499)	(23,252)	(31,324)	(27,925)
Net cash flows from operating activities less interest paid	23,021	26,042	39,528	38,315
Net distributions to unitholders	16,946	16,697	22,292	21,573
Surplus of net cash flows from operating activities less interest paid compared to net distributions to unitholders	6,075	9,345	17,236	16,742

The following table summarizes the reconciliation of net cash flows from operating activities presented in the financial statements, AFFO (1) and FFO (1) for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	Quarter Cumulative (9 m		
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net cash flows from operating activities	16,417	16,317	47,520	49,294
Leasing payroll expenses	535	359	1,559	1,042
Transaction costs on purchase and disposition of investment properties and early repayment fees	-	(46)	(468)	(46)
Adjustments for changes in other working capital items	1,181	(2)	3,705	2,198
Financial income	604	561	1,745	1,222
Interest expenses	(9,030)	(8,467)	(26,534)	(24,460)
Provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures ⁽²⁾	(650)	(626)	(1,947)	(1,918)
Provision for non-recovered rental fees ⁽²⁾	(375)	(375)	(1,125)	(1,125)
Accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures	(101)	(92)	(293)	(263)
AFFO ⁽¹⁾	8,581	7,629	24,162	25,944
Provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures ⁽²⁾	650	626	1,947	1,918
Provision for non-recovered rental fees ⁽²⁾	375	375	1,125	1,125
Straight-line rental revenue adjustment	247	842	824	1,766
Unit-based compensation expenses	(19)	(184)	86	(677)
Accretion of effective interest	(391)	(271)	(1,060)	(785)
Amortization of property and equipment	(17)	(33)	(51)	(79)
FFO ⁽¹⁾	9,426	8,984	27,033	29,212

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to AFFO section for detailed explanations.

Assets

Investment properties

The Trust has grown through the acquisitions of quality properties based on its selection criteria, while maintaining an appropriate allocation among three operating segments: industrial, suburban office, and necessity-based retail.

The real estate portfolio consists of direct interests in wholly owned investment properties and of the Trust's share of two jointly controlled investment properties where the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses are shared in accordance with the ownership interest.

The following table summarizes the changes in the fair value of investment properties for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	Quarter Cumulative (9		e (9 months)
(in thousands of dollars)	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of period	1,208,538	1,209,036	1,207,522	1,164,881
Additions:				
Initial recognition of right-of-use assets	-	-	-	3,133
Acquisitions	-	6	-	36,306
Dispositions	-	-	(6,206)	-
Construction on investment property	6,769	-	6,769	-
Capital expenditures	183	1,033	2,986	3,710
Leasing fees and capitalized lease incentives	504	756	5,734	3,354
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	283	6,481	289	6,481
Other non-monetary changes ⁽¹⁾	(560)	(10,222)	(1,377)	(10,775)
Balance, end of period	1,215,717	1,207,090	1,215,717	1,207,090

⁽I) The other non-monetary changes are composed of the lease incentives amortization and straight-line lease adjustments.

The total fair value of investment properties stood at \$1,216 million as at September 30, 2024, compared to \$1,208 million as at December 31, 2023. The significant elements impacting the cumulative nine-month period were the previously mentioned construction expansion project of \$6.8 million and the two dispositions during the first quarter of the year.

Improvements in investment properties

The Trust invests its capital to improve its properties to preserve the quality of their infrastructure and services provided to tenants. These investments include value-added expenditures required to upkeep properties, as well as property improvements and redevelopment projects intended to increase leasable area, occupancy rates, quality of space available for rent or fair value. Some capital expenditures are amortized and may be recovered from tenants.

The following table summarizes capital expenditures, incentives, and leasing fees, for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30 (in thousands of dollars)	Qua	Quarter		Cumulative (9 months)	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Recoverable capital expenditures	154	266	546	928	
Non-recoverable capital expenditures	29	767	2,440	2,782	
Total capital expenditures	183	1,033	2,986	3,710	
Leasing fees and leasehold improvements	504	756	5,734	3,354	
Construction on investment property	6,769	-	6,769	-	
Total	7,456	1,789	15,489	7,064	

For the cumulative nine-month period, there is an increase of \$8.4 million in the capital expenditures, incentives, and leasing fees, mainly explained by an increase of \$6.8 million due to the construction of the extension of a retail property.

Receivables

The following table summarizes receivables for the periods ended September 30, 2024, December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023:

(in thousands of dollars)	September	December	September
	30, 2024	31, 2023	30, 2023
	\$	\$	\$
Rent receivable	3,207	2,201	3,252
Allowance for expected credit losses	(698)	(731)	(822)
Net rent receivable	2,509	1,470	2,429
Unbilled recoveries	2,240	1,572	1,344
Other receivables	284	230	252
Receivables	5,033	3,272	4,026

Receivables increased from \$3.3 million as at December 31, 2023, to \$5.0 million as at September 30, 2024.

Prepaid expenses, Deposits and Property and equipment

The following table summarizes the prepaid expenses, deposits and property and equipment for the periods ended September 30, 2024, December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023:

(in thousands of dollars)	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
	\$	\$	\$
Property and equipment	1,489	1,484	1,458
Accumulated depreciation	(1,265)	(1,213)	(1,193)
Net property and equipment	224	271	265
Prepaid expenses	6,260	1,185	5,839
Deposits	1,850	1,337	712
Other assets	8,334	2,793	6,816

Prepaid expenses, deposits and property and equipment increased from \$2.8 million as at December 31, 2023, to \$8.3 million as at September 30, 2024, which is mainly explained by an increase in prepaid expenses for property taxes.

Capital Resources

Long-term debt

The following table summarizes the balance of BTB's indebtedness on September 30, 2024, including mortgage loans and convertible debentures, based on the year of maturity and corresponding weighted average contractual interest rates:

As at September 30, 2024 (in thousands of dollars)	Balance of convertible debentures ⁽¹⁾	Balance of mortgages payable ⁽¹⁾	Weighted average contractual interest rate
	\$	\$	%
Year of maturity			
2024	24,000	8,643	6.05
2025	19,476	113,041	4.87
2026	-	169,046	4.24
2027	-	128,615	4.41
2028	-	94,326	4.68
2029 and thereafter	-	142,015	3.89
Total	43,476	655,686	4.46

(1) Gross amounts.

The Trust has two mortgages for a total of \$8.6 million that are both maturing during the next three months. The Trust has received, as of the date of this report, a commitment letter from one financial institution for the refinancing of one of the two properties and is in the process of negotiating the remaining mortgage maturing this year.

Weighted average contractual interest rate

As at September 30, 2024, the weighted average contractual interest rate of the Trust's long-term debt stood at 4.46% (4.33% for mortgage loans and 6.45% for convertible debentures), representing an increase of 20 basis points compared to the same period last year. As at September 30, 2023, the weighted average contractual interest rate of the Trust's long-term debt stood at 4.26% (4.11% for mortgage loans and 6.45% for convertible debentures).

Mortgage loans

As at September 30, 2024, the Trust's total balance of mortgage loans (excluding unamortized fair value adjustments and unamortized financing expenses) amounted to \$655.7 million compared to \$640.4 million as at December 31, 2023. The net increase of \$15.3 million includes \$64.8 million repaid at maturity or upon disposition and \$14.3 million of monthly principal repayments, netted by \$94.4 million of refinancing mortgage loans contracted.

The following table summarizes the changes in mortgage loans payable for the period ended September 30, 2024, and the cumulative nine-month period ended September 30, 2024:

Periods ended September 30, 2024	Quarter	Cumulative (9 months)
(in thousands of dollars)	\$	\$
Balance at beginning ⁽¹⁾	636,492	640,426
Mortgage loans contracted or assumed ⁽²⁾	36,400	94,362
Balance repaid at maturity or upon disposition ⁽³⁾	(12,383)	(64,753)
Monthly principal repayments ⁽⁴⁾	(4,823)	(14,349)
Balance as at September 30, 2024 ⁽¹⁾	655,686	655,686

⁽¹⁾ Before unamortized financing expenses and fair value assumption adjustments.

As at September 30, 2024, the weighted average mortgage interest rate was 4.33% compared to 4.11% for the same period last year, an increase of 22 basis points due to the increase in the weighted average mortgages subject to floating-for-fixed interest rate swap, which rate increased by 23 basis points to 6.38% (6.15% as at September 30, 2023) and the weighted average for fixed interest rate increased by 10 basis point to 4.08% (3.98% as at September 30, 2023). Finally, the average weighted contractual rate of variable interest on mortgages decreased by 92 basis points to 7.51% (8.43% as at September 30, 2023) explained by the three interest rate reductions for a total of 75 basis points of the Bank of Canada since the beginning of the year.

As at September 30, 2024, the majority of the Trust's mortgages payable bear interest at fixed rates (the cumulative principal amount of \$529.6 million) or are subject to floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps (cumulative principal amount of \$104.0 million). However, the Trust has two loans with variable interest rates (cumulative principal balance of \$22.1 million).

The weighted average term of existing mortgage loans was 3.0 years as at September 30, 2024, compared to 3.4 years for the same period last year. The Trust attempts to spread the maturities of its mortgages over many years to mitigate the risk associated with mortgage renewals.

The following table summarizes future mortgage loan repayments for the next few years:

As at September 30, 2024 (in thousands of dollars)	Principal repayment	Balance at maturity	Total	% of total
	\$	\$	\$	
Maturity				
2024 (3 months)	4,981	8,626	13,607	2.1
2025	17,095	109,729	126,824	19.3
2026	13,902	159,734	173,636	26.5
2027	9,534	117,284	126,818	19.3
2028	5,512	85,377	90,889	13.9
2029 and thereafter	10,979	112,933	123,912	18.9
Total	62,003	593,683	655,686	100.0
Unamortized fair value assumption adjustments			16	
Unamortized financing expenses			(2,555)	
Balance as at September 30, 2024			653,147	

As at September 30, 2024, the Trust was in compliance with all the contractual mortgage covenants to which it is subject.

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS measure. Mortgage loans contracted or assumed are included in the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows within the Mortgage loans, net of financing expenses.

⁽³⁾ This is a non-IFRS measure. Balance repaid at maturity or upon disposition are included in the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows within the following: Repayment of mortgage loans and Net proceeds from disposition of investment properties.

⁽⁴⁾ This is a non-IFRS measure. Principal monthly repayments are included in the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows within Repayment of mortgage loans.

Convertible debentures

The following table summarizes the convertible debentures for the period ended September 30, 2024:

(in thousands of dollars)	Series G ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Series H ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Total
Par value	24,000	19,917(4)	43,917
Contractual interest rate	6%	7%	
Effective interest rate	7%	8%	
Date of issuance	October 2019	September 2020	
Per-unit conversion price	5.42	3.64	
Date of interest payment	April 30 and October 31	April 30 and October 31	
Maturity date	October 2024	October 2025	
Balance as at June 30, 2024	23,966	19,189	43,155

⁽¹⁾ Redeemable by the Trust, under certain conditions, as of October 31, 2022, but before October 31, 2023, at a redemption price equal to their initial principal amount plus accrued, unpaid interest, provided that the unit market price is at least 125% of the Series G conversion price and, as of October 31, 2023, but before October 31, 2024, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest.

As previously mentioned in the subsequent events, on October 31, 2024, the Trust fully redeemed and paid at maturity the Series G unsecured convertible debentures at their nominal value of \$24 million plus accrued interest of \$0.7 million.

Debt ratio

In accordance with its trust agreement, the Trust cannot contract a mortgage loan if, after having contracted the said loan, the total mortgage debt would exceed 75% of the fair value of the Trust's total assets. When establishing this calculation, in accordance with its trust agreement, the convertible debentures should not be considered in the calculation of total indebtedness. Moreover, under its trust indenture, in case of failure to abide by this condition, the Trust benefits from a 12-month grace period from the date of its knowledge to remedy the situation.

⁽²⁾ Redeemable by the Trust, under certain conditions, as of October 31, 2023, but before October 31, 2024, at a redemption price equal to their initial principal amount plus accrued, unpaid interest, provided that the unit market price is at least 125% of the Series H conversion price and, as of October 31, 2024, but before October 31, 2025, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest.

⁽³⁾ The Trust may, at its option and under certain conditions, elect to satisfy its obligation to pay the principal amount of the Series G and H debentures by issuing tradable units freely to Series G and H debenture holders.

⁽⁴⁾ Conversion of \$10,083 of the Series H debenture since issuance. Conversion of \$0 during the quarter.

The following table summarizes the Trust's debt ratios as at September 30, 2024, and 2023 and December 31 2023:

(in thousands of dollars)	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	(3,252)	(912)	(2,357)
Mortgage loans outstanding ⁽¹⁾	655,686	640,425	644,147
Convertible debentures ⁽¹⁾	43,476	43,185	43,093
Credit facilities	28,171	36,359	36,363
Total long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents(2)(3)	724,081	719,057	721,246
Total gross value of the assets of the Trust less cash and cash equivalents ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	1,241,931	1,227,949	1,234,391
Mortgage debt ratio (excluding convertible debentures and credit facilities) ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	52.5%	52.2%	52.2%
Debt ratio – convertible debentures ⁽²⁾⁽⁶⁾	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Debt ratio – credit facilities(2)(7)	2.3%	3.0%	2.9%
Total debt ratio ⁽²⁾	58.3%	58.6%	58.4%

⁽¹⁾ Before unamortized financing expenses and fair value assumption adjustments.

As of September 30, 2024, the mortgage debt ratio (1) excluding the convertible debentures and credit facilities totalled 52.5%, an increase of 30 basis points since December 31, 2023. As of September 30, 2024, the total debt ratio (2), including the convertible debentures and credit facilities, net of cash and cash equivalents, decreased to 58.3%, a decrease of 30 basis points since December 31, 2023, driven by a decrease of \$8.2 million of credit facilities, an increase of \$13.2 million of the gross value of the assets and offset by an increase of \$15.3 million of mortgage loans.

The Trust seeks to finance its acquisitions with a maximum mortgage debt ratio of 65% since the cost of financing is lower than the capital cost of the Trust's equity. Liquidity refers to the Trust having credit availability under committed credit facilities and/or generating enough cash and cash equivalents to fund the ongoing operational commitments including maintenance capital and development capital expenditures, distributions to unitholders and planned growth in the business. The Trust maintains credit facilities to provide financial liquidity which can be drawn or repaid on short notice, reducing the need to hold liquid resources in cash and deposits.

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽³⁾ Long-term debt less free cash flow is a non-IFRS financial measure, calculated as total of: (i) fixed rate mortgage loans payable; (ii) floating rate mortgage loans payable; (iii) Series G debenture capital amount; (iv) Series H debenture capital adjusted with non-derivative component less conversion options exercised by holders; and (v) credit facilities, less cash and cash equivalents. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to net debt is debt.

⁽⁴⁾ Gross value of the assets of the Trust less cash and cash equivalent ("GVALC") is a non-IFRS financial measure defined as the Trust total assets adding the cumulated amortization property and equipment and removing the cash and cash equivalent. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to GVALC is total assets.

⁽⁵⁾ Mortgage debt ratio is calculated by dividing the mortgage loans outstanding by the GVALC.

⁽⁶⁾ Debt ratio – convertible debentures is calculated by dividing the convertible debentures by GVALC.

⁽⁷⁾ Debt ratio - credit facilities is calculated by dividing the credit facilities by the GVALC.

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure as defined in this page.

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

Interest coverage ratio

The following table summarizes the interest coverage ratio for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	arter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars, except for the ratios)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	18,030	16,544	52,606	51,654	
Interest expenses net of financial income ⁽²⁾	8,426	7,906	24,789	23,238	
Interest coverage ratio ⁽³⁾	2.14	2.09	2.12	2.22	

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

For first nine-month of the year, the interest coverage ratio stood at 2.12, a decrease of 0.1 from the same period last year.

Debt service coverage ratio

The following table summarizes the debt service coverage ratio for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	rter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in thousands of dollars, except for the ratios)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	18,030	16,544	52,606	51,654	
Interest expenses net of financial income ⁽²⁾	8,426	7,906	24,789	23,238	
Principal repayments	4,823	4,851	14,349	14,519	
Debt service requirements	13,249	12,757	39,138	37,757	
Debt service coverage ratio(3)	1.36	1.30	1.34	1.37	

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

For the first nine months of the year, the debt service coverage ratio stood at 1.34, a decrease of 0.03% from the same period last year.

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. Interest expenses exclude early repayment fees, accretion of effective interest, distribution on Class B LP units, accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures and the fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments and Class B LP units.

⁽³⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. Interest coverage ratio is calculated by dividing the Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ by Interest expenses net of financial income (as previously defined).

⁽²⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. Interest expenses exclude early repayment fees, accretion of effective interest, distribution on Class B LP units, accretion of non-derivative liability component of convertible debentures and the fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments and Class B LP units.

⁽⁴⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. Debt service coverage ratio is calculated by dividing the Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ by Debt service requirements.

Class B LP units

The following table summarizes the Class B LP units for the period ended September 30, 2024, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024:

Period ended September 30, 2024	Qua	arter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in number of units)	Units	\$	Units	\$	
Class B LP units outstanding, beginning of period	697,265	2,182	697,265	2,043	
Fair value adjustment	-	335	-	474	
Class B LP units outstanding, end of period	697,265	2,517	697,265	2,517	

The Class B LP units are exchangeable at any time, at the option of the holder, for an equal number of units of the Trust trading on the TSX. They are entitled to receive the same distributions as declared on the Trust units. In accordance with IFRS, distributions paid on Class B LP units are recorded as financial expenses when declared. Distributions declared are adjusted in calculating FFO and AFFO.

On May 30, 2018, Class B LP units were issued in payment for the acquisition of a 25% equity portion in the property located at 815 Boulevard Lebourgneuf in Québec City.

On February 14, 2023, the holders of the class B LP units converted 150,000 units into units of the Trust and on August 18, 2023, the holders of the class B LP units converted 50,000 units into units of the Trust.

On May 1, 2023, 550,000 Class B LP units were issued as part of the payment for the acquisition of the property located at 8810, 48^{th} Avenue NW in Edmonton.

Units outstanding

The following table summarizes the total number of units outstanding and the weighted number of units outstanding for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	rter	Cumulative (9 months)			
(in number of units)	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Units outstanding, beginning of the period	87,480,086	86,043,128	86,705,901	85,238,279		
Distribution reinvestment plan	283,959	278,233	875,469	779,126		
Issued - employee unit purchase plan	-	-	27,685	8,955		
Issued - restricted unit compensation plan	3,454	-	158,444	45,276		
Issued - deferred unit compensation plan	-	-	-	-		
Class B LP units exchanged into Trust units	-	50,000	-	200,000		
Issued - conversion of convertible debentures	-	-	-	99,725		
Units outstanding, end of the period	87,767,499	86,371,361	87,767,499	86,371,361		
Weighted average number of units outstanding	87,623,793	85,939,379	87,179,235	85,776,984		
Weighted average number of Class B LP units and units outstanding	88,321,058	86,503,311	87,876,500	86,182,582		

On February 29, 2024, the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX) approved the renewal of the normal course issuer bid ("NCIB"), permitting BTB to repurchase for cancellation up to 5,969,926 units from February 29, 2024, to February 28, 2025, representing approximately 7% of the Trust's issued and outstanding units at the time of the renewal. As of September 30, 2024, no units have been repurchased for cancellation.

Deferred unit compensation plan

The Trust has implemented a deferred unit compensation plan for its trustees. Under this plan, trustees may elect to receive their compensation in cash, deferred units or a combination of both.

The following table summarizes deferred units outstanding for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	ırter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in number of units)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Deferred units outstanding, beginning of the period	174,008	131,583	151,412	121,727	
Trustees' compensation	13,628	3,247	28,649	8,187	
Distributions paid in units	3,998	3,504	11,573	8,420	
Deferred units outstanding, end of the period	191,634	138,334	191,634	138,334	

Restricted unit compensation plan

Under this plan, beneficiaries are awarded restricted units that become fully vested over a period of three years. The purpose of the plan is to encourage senior officers and selected employees to support the Trust's growth objectives and align their interests with the interests of unitholders. The purpose of the plan is also to serve as an executive retention tool.

The following table summarizes restricted units outstanding for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, as well as the cumulative periods for the first nine months of 2024 and 2023:

Periods ended September 30	Qua	nrter	Cumulative (9 months)		
(in number of units)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Restricted units outstanding, beginning of the period	301,249	310,377	220,306	138,583	
Granted	3,454	-	268,634	217,072	
Cancelled	-	-	(28,212)	-	
Settled	(3,454)	-	(159,479)	(45,278)	
Restricted units outstanding, end of the period	301,249	310,377	301,249	310,377	

Employee unit purchase plan

The Trust offers to its employees a unit purchase plan. Subject to the plan's conditions, the employees, if they purchase units of the trust for a given year, for each two units purchased by said employee, the Trust shall issue one unit from treasury to the employee, and depending on their position occupied within the Trust, up to an amount equivalent to a maximum of 7% to 10% of their base salary.

Off-balance sheet arrangements and contractual commitments

The Trust does not have any off-balance sheet arrangement or commitment that have or are likely to have an impact on its operating results or financial position, specifically its cash position and sources of financing.

Income Taxes

The Trust is taxed as a mutual fund trust for Canadian income tax purposes. The Trust intends to distribute or allocate all of the taxable income to its unitholders and to deduct these distributions for income tax purposes.

A special tax regime applies to trusts that are considered specified investment flow-through (SIFT) entities as well as those individuals who invest in SIFT entities. Under this regime, SIFT entities must generally pay taxes on their income at rates that are close to those of companies. In short, a SIFT entity is an entity (including a trust) that resides in Canada, whose investments are listed on a stock exchange or other public market and that holds one or more non-portfolio properties.

However, for a given taxation year, BTB is not considered a SIFT entity and is therefore not subject to SIFT rules if, during that year, it constitutes a real estate investment trust (REIT).

Generally, to qualify as a REIT, a trust must be resident in Canada and meet the following conditions all year long: (i) the total fair market value of all the "non-portfolio properties" that are "qualified REIT properties" held by the trust is at least 90% of the total fair market value at that time of all the "non portfolio assets" held by the trust (ii) not less than 90% of its "gross REIT revenue" for the taxation year is from one or more of the following sources: rent from "real or immovable properties," interest, dispositions of "real or immovable properties" that are capital properties, dividends, royalties and dispositions of "eligible resale properties" (iii) not less than 75% of its "gross REIT revenue" for the taxation year comes from one or more of the following sources: rent from "real or immovable properties," interest from mortgages on "real or immovable properties," and dispositions of "real or immovable properties" that are capital properties (iv) at each time in the taxation year, an amount that is equal to 75% or more of the equity value of the trust at that time, is the amount that is the total fair market value of all properties held by the trust, each of which is "real or immovable property" which is a capital property, an "eligible resale property," the indebtedness of a Canadian corporation represented by a banker's acceptance, cash or, generally, an amount receivable from the Government of Canada or from certain other public agencies; and (v) the investments that are made therein are, at any time in the taxation year, listed or traded on a stock exchange or other public market.

As at September 30, 2024, BTB met all these conditions and qualified as a REIT. As a result, the SIFT trust tax rules do not apply to BTB. BTB's management intends to take the necessary steps to meet the conditions for the REIT Exception on an ongoing basis in the future.

Nonetheless, there is no guarantee that BTB will continue to meet all the required conditions to be eligible for the REIT exception for 2024 or any other subsequent year.

Taxation of Unitholders

For Canadian unitholders, to the best of the Trust management's knowledge, distributions are qualified as follows for taxation purposes:

Periods ended September 30	2024	2023
	%	%
Taxable as other income	-	-
Tax deferred	100	100
Total	100	100

Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Estimates are based on historical experience and other assumptions that are considered reasonable under given circumstances. The result of the continual review of these estimates is the basis for exercising judgment on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Critical judgments made by BTB in applying significant accounting policies, the most significant of which is the fair value of investment properties, are described in the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023, and 2022.

The Trust used the income approach to determine fair value. Fair value is estimated by capitalizing the cash flow that a property can reasonably be expected to produce over its remaining economic life. The income approach is based on two methods: the overall capitalization rate method, whereby net operating income is capitalized at the requisite overall capitalization rate, or the discounted cash flow method, whereby cash flows are projected over the expected term of the investment plus a terminal value discounted using an appropriate discount rate.

Inflation and Interest Rates

The increase of the Bank of Canada policy interest rate did create a heightened level of uncertainty in the economy over the previous quarters. Since the beginning of the year, there were four reductions in the policy interest rate for a total of 125 basis points, marking the beginning of an easing period. The previous rise in the policy rate has not had a significant impact on the Trust's operations or its ability to negotiate new or renew mortgages.

Risks and Uncertainties

Numerous risks and uncertainties could cause BTB's actual results to differ materially from those expressed, implied or projected in the forward-looking statements, including those described in the "Risk Factors" section of BTB's 2024 Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2023, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The President and Chief Executive Officer and the Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer of BTB are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as those terms are defined in Canadian Securities Administrators Multilateral Instrument 52-109.

Evaluations are performed regularly to assess the effectiveness of DC&P, including this MD&A and the consolidated financial statements. Based on these evaluations, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Vice-President and Chief Operating & Financial Officer concluded that the DC&P were effective as at December 31, 2023. Since December 31, 2023, Mathieu Bolté left his position as the Executive Vice-President and Chief Operating & Financial Officer was replaced by Marc-André Lefebvre as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer on May 27, 2024, as such he took on the responsibilities to ensure that the current controls and procedures provide reasonable assurance that material information about BTB is made known to them during the quarter in which these filings are being prepared.

Evaluations are also performed to assess the effectiveness of ICFR. Based on those evaluations, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer of BTB concluded that ICFR was effective as at September 30, 2024, and, more specifically, that the financial reporting is reliable and that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared for financial reporting purposes in accordance with IFRS.

During the third quarter of 2024, management made no changes to internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting.

Appendix 1 – Definitions

Class B LP Units

Class B LP units means the Class B LP limited partnership units of BTB LP, which are exchangeable for units, on a one for one basis.

Rental revenue

Rental revenue includes all amounts earned from tenants related to lease agreements, including basic rent and additional rent from operating expense recoveries. It also includes other service charges for parking and storage, lease termination revenues and straight-line rent adjustments.

Some of the Trust's leases include clauses providing for the recovery of rental revenue based on amounts that increase every few years. These increases are negotiated when the leases are signed. Under IFRS, these increases must be recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses are expenses directly related to real estate operations and are generally charged back to tenants as provided for in the contractual terms of the leases. Operating expenses include property taxes and public utilities, costs related to indoor and outdoor maintenance, heating, ventilation and air conditioning, elevators, insurance, janitorial services and management and operating fees. The amount of operating expenses that the Trust can recover from its tenants depends on the occupancy rate of the properties and the nature of the existing leases containing clauses regarding the recovery of expenses. Most of the Trust's leases are net rental leases under which tenants are required to pay their share of the properties' operating expenses. The Trust pays particular attention to compliance with existing leases and the recovery of these operating expenses.

Net operating income (NOI)

NOI is used in the real estate industry to measure operational performance. The Trust defines it as rental revenue from properties, less the combined operating expenses of investment properties. This definition may differ from that of other issuers and accordingly, the Trust's NOI may not be comparable to the NOI of other issuers.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses arise from the following loans and financing:

- Mortgage loans payable contracted or assumed.
- Series G and H convertible debentures contracted.
- Credit facilities used as needed.
- Financing costs on mortgages, convertible debentures and other loans are netted against the related debt and amortized on an effective interest basis over the expected life of the debt.

Administration expenses

Administration expenses include corporate costs such as payroll expenses and professional fees associated with executive and administrative staff of the Trust, the compensation plan for trustees, legal and auditing services, expenses related to listed fund status, insurance costs, office expenses and expected credit losses and related legal fees. Administration expenses include amortization of the head office building and property and equipment, as well as unit-based compensation, a non-monetary item that affects the volatility of administrative expenses from quarter to quarter.

Fair value adjustment on investment properties

Under IAS 40, the Trust accounts for its investment properties at fair value and recognizes the gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value in profit or loss for the quarters in which it arises.

The fair value of investment properties is determined using the discounted cash flow method, the capitalized net operating income (NOI) method or the comparable method, which are generally accepted valuation methods.

Management receives quarterly capitalization rate and discount rate data from external chartered valuators and independent experts. The capitalization rate reports provide a range of rates for various geographic regions and for various types and qualities of properties within each region. The Trust utilizes capitalization and discount rates within ranges provided by external valuators. To the extent that the externally provided capitalization rate ranges change from one reporting quarter to the next or should another rate within the provided ranges be more appropriate than the rate previously used, the fair value of the investment properties would increase or decrease accordingly.

Same-property portfolio

The same-property portfolio includes all the properties owned by the Trust as at January 1, 2023 and still owned as at September 30, 2024, but does not include the financial impacts from dispositions, acquisitions and developments completed in 2023 and 2024, as well as the results of subsequently sold properties.

Net property income from the same-property portfolio

Net property income from the same-property portfolio provides an indication of the profitability of existing portfolio operations and the Trust's ability to increase its revenues and reduce its costs. It is defined as rental revenue from properties from the same-property portfolio, less operating expenses, and interest on mortgage financing of the same portfolio.

Appendix 2 – Non-IFRS Financial Measures – Quarterly Reconciliation

Funds from Operations (FFO)(1)

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income and comprehensive income established in accordance with IFRS and FFO⁽¹⁾ for the last eight quarters:

	2024 Q-3	2024 Q-2	2024 Q-1	2023 Q-4	2023 Q-3	2023 Q-2	2023 Q-1	2022 Q-4
(in thousands of dollars, except for per unit)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net income and comprehensive income (IFRS)	5,470	7,272	7,153	1,734	15,216	10,846	8,802	1,769
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	(283)	-	(6)	4,480	(6,481)	-	-	7,781
Fair value adjustment on Class B LP units	335	(21)	160	(42)	(159)	(775)	-	160
Amortization of lease incentives	807	704	690	641	664	750	728	787
Fair value adjustment on derivative financial instruments	2,168	379	(325)	2,396	(584)	(763)	184	(1,971)
Leasing payroll expenses ⁽⁶⁾	535	433	591	401	359	327	356	682
Distributions - Class B LP units	52	53	52	52	56	42	22	26
Unit-based compensation (Unit price remeasurement) ⁽⁵⁾	342	63	409	(11)	(87)	(232)	(59)	198
FFO ⁽¹⁾	9,426	8,883	8,724	9,651	8,984	10,195	10,033	9,432
Transaction costs on disposition of investment properties and mortgage early repayment fees	-	266	201	37	46	-	-	627
FFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	9,426	9,149	8,925	9,688	9,030	10,195	10,033	10,059
FFO per unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	10.7¢	10.1¢	10.0¢	11.1¢	10.3¢	11.8¢	11.7¢	11.0¢
FFO Adjusted per unit(1)(2)(4)	10.7¢	10.4¢	10.2¢	11.1¢	10.4¢	11.8¢	11.7¢	11.8¢
FFO payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	70.3%	74.3%	75.2%	67.5%	72.9%	63.8%	64.1%	67.9%
FFO Adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	70.3%	72.2%	73.5%	67.2%	72.5%	63.8%	64.1%	63.6%

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽²⁾ Including Class B LP units.

⁽³⁾ The FFO per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the FFO⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽⁴⁾ The FFO Adjusted per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the FFO Adjusted® by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽⁵⁾ The impact of the unit price change on the deferred unit-based compensation plan has been considered in the calculation of the FFO Adjusted and AFFO Adjusted starting Q2 2021.

⁽⁶⁾ The impact of the CIO compensation, hired in Q2 2022, was added to the Leasing payroll expenses during Q4 2022 as his duties were mainly leasing activities throughout the year.

Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)(1)

The following table provides a reconciliation of FFO⁽¹⁾ and AFFO⁽¹⁾ for the last eight quarters:

	2024 Q-3	2024 Q-2	2024 Q-1	2023 Q-4	2023 Q-3	2023 Q-2	2023 Q-1	2022 Q-4
(in thousands of dollars, except for per unit)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
FFO ⁽¹⁾	9,426	8,883	8,724	9,651	8,984	10,195	10,033	9,432
Straight-line rental revenue adjustment	(247)	(183)	(394)	(197)	(842)	(291)	(633)	(1,077)
Accretion of effective interest	391	361	308	310	271	278	236	336
Amortization of other property and equipment	17	17	17	20	33	23	23	31
Unit-based compensation expenses	19	(95)	(9)	159	184	237	256	206
Provision for non-recoverable capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	(650)	(644)	(653)	(639)	(626)	(634)	(658)	(630)
Provision for unrecovered rental fees ⁽¹⁾	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)
AFFO ⁽¹⁾	8,581	7,964	7,618	8,929	7,629	9,433	8,882	7,923
Transaction costs on disposition of investment properties and mortgage early repayment fees	-	266	201	37	46	-	-	627
AFFO Adjusted ⁽¹⁾	8,581	8,230	7,819	8,966	7,675	9,433	8,882	8,550
AFFO per unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	9.7¢	9.1¢	8.7¢	10.2¢	8.8¢	10.9¢	10.3¢	9.3¢
AFFO Adjusted per unit(1)(2)(4)	9.7¢	9.4¢	8.9¢	10.3¢	8.8¢	10.9¢	10.3¢	10.0¢
AFFO payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	77.2%	82.9%	86.2%	72.9%	85.8%	69.0%	72.4%	80.8%
AFFO Adjusted payout ratio ⁽¹⁾	77.2%	80.2%	83.9%	72.6%	85.3%	69.0%	72.4%	74.9%

⁽¹⁾ This is a non-IFRS financial measure, refer to page 2 and 31.

⁽²⁾ Including Class B LP units.

⁽³⁾ The AFFO per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the AFFO⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).

⁽⁴⁾ The AFFO Adjusted per unit ratio is calculated by dividing the AFFO Adjusted⁽¹⁾ by the Trust's unit outstanding at the end of the period (including the Class B LP units at outstanding at the end of the period).